

Herald



Tribune

Table of exchange rates for various countries including Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, etc.

TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Mostly sunny. Tomorrow little change. Tuesday's temp. 59-65 (18-11). LONDON: Variable cloudiness. Temp. 59-65 (15-11). ...

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PARIS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1971

Established 1887

Including China, France

U.S. Is Open to Talks With All Atomic Powers

By Victor Lusinchi

GENEVA, June 29 (NYT).—The United States said today that it would welcome disarmament talks in which all the nuclear states—including France and Communist China—would participate.

Gen. Creighton W. Abrams, commander of U.S. forces in Vietnam, holds up a stick of incense as he visits the grave of Ho Cao Tri, South Vietnamese general killed in a helicopter crash in February.



HOMAGE TO AN ALLY—Gen. Creighton W. Abrams, commander of U.S. forces in Vietnam, holds up a stick of incense as he visits the grave of Ho Cao Tri, South Vietnamese general killed in a helicopter crash in February.

Hanoi Said To Mass for DMZ Push But Saigon Chiefs Are Optimistic

SAIGON, June 29 (UPI).—Two South Vietnamese generals said today that North Vietnam has massed 15,000 troops just north of the Demilitarized Zone and that they may join the 10,000 Communists who already have infiltrated the South with tanks, artillery and anti-aircraft guns.



VIGIL—A group of people outside Roosevelt Hospital in New York where Joseph Colombo was being treated after being shot Monday during an Italian-American rally.

Despite 6.2% Unemployment Nixon Won't Cut Taxes Or Increase Spending

By Carroll Kilpatrick

WASHINGTON, June 29 (WP).—President Nixon today expressed strong confidence in continued economic expansion and ruled out tax cuts or new spending to stimulate additional growth.

Senate Rejects Move to Cut Nixon's Military Budget

WASHINGTON, June 29 (AP).—The Senate rejected today a move to cut military spending to a \$68 billion annual rate, \$7 billion below President Nixon's budget request for the next 12 months.

Condition Still Critical Joe Colombo Clings to Life as Police Investigate Shooting

NEW YORK, June 29 (UPI).—While Joseph A. Colombo Jr. hung to life today, the police continued to question underworld figures about the shooting of the reputed Mafia chieftain at the Italian-American Unity Day rally.

Gen. Abrams later placed the stick of incense on the grave, which is located at Bien Hoa.

Sen. Clifford P. Case, R., N.J., says Pentagon suppresses data showing significant gains in ability to detect underground nuclear tests.



John B. Connally

Bonn and U.S. Fail to Agree On Funding of GIs in Germany

BONN, June 29 (WP).—Negotiations between the United States and West Germany on a new agreement to offset the cost of American forces stationed here ended inconclusively today.

High Court Vote Believed Taken in Times, Post Case

WASHINGTON, June 29 (Reuters).—The Supreme Court today was believed to have reached a decision in the case of the Pentagon documents but to have delayed a formal ruling until it can complete its written opinion.

Israel Offers To Pay Arabs In '48 Land

JERUSALEM, June 29 (NYT).—Israel proposed today to provide compensation to Arab residents of East Jerusalem for property they held in what is now Israel before the establishment of the state 23 years ago.

'Adventurist' Calls for a War Are Put Down by Mrs. Gandhi

NEW DELHI, June 29 (AP).—Congress party members of parliament demanded a declaration of war against Pakistan today. But Prime Minister Indira Gandhi, the party's leader, rejected the demands and said her government would not "embark on any adventurist policies."



Mrs. Indira Gandhi

U.S. to Keep Aiding Pakistan Despite International Pressure

WASHINGTON, June 29 (NYT).—The Nixon administration reaffirmed yesterday its intention to provide economic aid to Pakistan despite international pressures to halt foreign assistance until the central government reaches a "political accommodation" with the advocates of autonomy in East Pakistan.

Most of the properties are in West Jerusalem and the old city of Jaffa, now the Arab quarter of Tel Aviv.

U.S. Travel Spending WASHINGTON, June 29 (AP).—Americans spent \$6.2 billion in foreign travel in 1970 or 15 percent more than in 1969.

After Israeli Uneasiness

U.S. Disowns a Memo Given To Egypt by Its Aide in Cairo

WASHINGTON, June 29 (WP).—Discussions that the chief U.S. diplomat in Cairo has outlined—in writing—a number of ideas for a Middle East peace settlement has heightened Israeli suspicions and knocked a few pegs out from under the U.S. position as a go-between in the negotiations.

Israel Offers To Pay Arabs On '48 Land

(Continued from Page 1) than fleeing as refugees to neighboring Arab countries. The new legislation does not apply to Arabs resident in the occupied territories, the West Bank of the Jordan and the Gaza Strip, where most of the refugees live. These areas have not been incorporated into Israel, Justice Ministry officials explained, and therefore cannot fall under Israeli law.

The offer, therefore, is only a limited step toward resolution of the refugees' long-standing grievances, that the Jewish state deprived them of their homes and lands. The first Arab reaction tonight came from Mahmud Abu-Zafar, editor of the Palestinian nationalist newspaper Al Quds of East Jerusalem. While calling the move a "step forward," he criticized the basis of determining the money value of the abandoned properties and also the refusal of the Israeli authorities to give Arab landowners the right to reclaim their lands as an alternative to selling them.

Mr. Shapiro clearly anticipated both complaints, and he admitted that he could not predict how many of the Arab Jerusalemis would take up this offer to receive compensation. But he said that about 80 percent of the established Israeli Arabs had quietly accepted cash payments for their old properties, and other officials predicted that a similar proportion of Jerusalemis would do the same after the first rush of criticism had faded.

He said it would be "impractical" to allow the absentee owners to exercise the option of reclaiming their old properties since many new buildings had been built by Israelis and much of the land had already changed hands several times.

Gromyko Cool To Reports About New Israel Ties

MOSCOW, June 29 (UPI)—Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko today discounted reports that the Soviet Union and Israel are negotiating a resumption of diplomatic relations.

Lebanon Reports Its Army Fought Off Israeli Force

BEIRUT, June 29 (AP)—Lebanese Army units fought off an Israeli infantry and armored thrust into southern Lebanon today, a military spokesman reported.

Brazil Escapes Found

SALVADOR, Brazil, June 29 (AP)—Authorities here reported yesterday that 171 escapees from a penal colony have been captured but a search spread into the countryside for about 70 others who are still on the loose.

Israel Reports Clash TEL AVIV, June 29 (AP)—The military command declined to comment on the Beirut report that Lebanese forces repelled an Israeli thrust into Lebanon today.

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NEW MODELS AUTUMN-WINTER COLLECTION Marie Martine 8, rue de Sévres - Paris-8



WORDS AND MUSIC—American poet Ezra Pound, left, talking Monday with Italian-American composer Gian Carlo Menotti at the Festival of Two Worlds in Spoleto, Italy. The famed cathedral is in background.

U.S. to Keep Aiding Pakistan Despite International Pressure

(Continued from Page 1) administration halted on March 25 the granting of export licenses for military items, following the outbreak of hostilities, the permits issued before that date would not be revoked.

Head of CIA On 1st Visit To Israel

JERUSALEM, June 29 (NYT).—Richard Helms, director of the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency, has arrived in Israel for meetings with government analysts, Israeli sources said today.

Poland Fire Toll 33

WARSAW, June 29 (AP)—The official death toll in Poland's oil tank fire disaster rose to 33 tonight with "scores of persons" reported injured.

Air Force to Court-Martial Captain for London Protest

LAKENHEATH, England, June 29 (AP)—The U.S. Third Air Force today ordered Capt. Thomas L. Culver, accused of violating military law by demonstrating against the Vietnam war, to face a general court-martial.

Rescued After 3 Weeks

FORT DE FRANCE, Martinique, June 29 (UPI)—Two fishing boats yesterday rescued a lone Dutch sailor helplessly adrift for three weeks in the Atlantic after one of the floats of his trimaran was damaged.

Journalism Not a 'War Crime' Crusade to Free 17 Newsmen Held by Reds Mounts in Paris

(This article was written by Mrs. Dana Stone, whose husband is among 17 journalists missing in Indochina. Mrs. Stone, 31, the daughter of a Kentucky doctor, spent the past year in Cambodia and South Vietnam, compiling information on the missing newsmen.)

PARIS, June 29 (WP)—Increasing efforts are under way here to free the 17 international journalists captured shortly before and after the U.S. incursion into Cambodia last year.

Three prominent French journalists who had been captured at Dien Bien Phu in 1954 by the Viet Minh recently published an appeal for the release of the missing journalists.

The former prisoners, one of whom was Academy-Award-winning film maker Pierre Schoendoerfer, were in the French daily Le Figaro that "journalists are considered criminals of war only if freedom of information is a crime of war."

Foreign Minister Quits in Sweden

STOCKHOLM, June 29 (Reuters)—Swedish Foreign Minister Olof Palme tonight announced the resignation of Foreign Minister Torsten Nilsson, who has served in the government since World War II and took over the Foreign Ministry in 1962.

Stubby WWII Training Craft Becomes Star of Laotian War

VIENTIANE, Laos, June 29.—An ancient stubby-winged American plane used to train pilots in World War II has come into its own as a "mighty mite" bomber in the Laotian war.

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Scene Change: Rock Palace Closed in N.Y.

NEW YORK, June 29 (UPI)—Fillmore East, the music-scene theater which has been the mecca for hard rock musicians for more than three years, closed Sunday.

Agnew Keeps Agenda Loose In Seoul Visit

By Robert B. Semple Jr. SEOUL, June 29 (NYT)—Vice President Spiro T. Agnew arrived here today bearing good news for South Korea's newly elected leaders but with a specific diplomatic agenda.

Mr. Agnew will also attend inaugural ceremonies for Park Thursday.

Scholars Ask U.S. to Release Study on Chinese Civil War

WASHINGTON, June 29 (NYT)—A group of Chinese scholars have called on the Nixon administration to release a still-secret State Department study of the final days of the Chinese civil war.

Joe Colombo Clings to Life

(Continued from Page 1) House said Judith Michaelson, New York Post reporter, was a key witness in the shooting. She was standing next to Colombo when he fell to the ground.

2 Saigon Generals Say Hanoi Is Massing Troops at DMZ

(Continued from Page 1) report in months that the Communists had installed anti-aircraft guns in the theoretically neutral DMZ itself.

WEATHER

Table with columns for city, temperature, and weather conditions. Includes cities like Albany, Anchorage, and Atlanta.

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Advances in Detection

Sen. Case Charges Pentagon Hides Underground Test Data

By Marilyn Berger

WASHINGTON, June 29 (UPI)—Charging that the Pentagon is manipulating and suppressing scientific data showing significant gains in the ability to detect underground nuclear tests, Sen. Clifford P. Case, R., N.J., is releasing letters from six seismologists which he says "clearly underscore the advances which have been made."

Democrats Set '72 Convention In Miami Beach

WASHINGTON, June 29 (AP)—The 1972 Democratic presidential nominating convention will be held at Miami Beach, Fla., party officials announced today.

A ten-person selection committee picked the resort over Louisville, Ky., in a meeting that climaxed several months of consideration.

Miami Beach reportedly offered the democrats about \$500,000 in cash and goods and services for the privilege of playing host to 15,000 delegates and alternates on the week of July 5.

Ellender Delays Bid to Halt Airlift Of Cuba Refugees

WASHINGTON, June 29 (UPI)—Committee chairman of the U.S. airlift of refugees from Cuba to this country was assured today when Sen. Ellender, D., Va., announced that he has dropped—at least for the time being.

Sen. Allen J. Ellender, D., La., chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee, withdrew the committee-approved proposal on the Senate floor.

Largely on Sen. Ellender's initiative, the committee voted Friday to deny funds for continuing beyond Thursday, the first day of the fiscal year. The flights have brought more than 250,000 Cubans to the United States in the past five years.

Sen. Ellender, in a speech, made it clear he still intended to try to stop the program. He argued that the United States, with severe unemployment problems of its own, could no longer afford to absorb 3,000 Cubans a month.

He said he would reintroduce his proposal in five or six weeks.

House Panel Urges Citation Of Contempt for CBS, Chief

WASHINGTON, June 29 (AP)—A House of Representatives Commerce subcommittee recommended yesterday that the Columbia Broadcasting System and its president, Frank Stanton, be held in contempt of Congress for refusing to comply with the demands of a subpoena.

The decision, involving material used in the making of the documentary "The Selling of the Pentagon," was reached during a half-hour secret session of the committee's investigations subcommittee.

The action was announced by Rep. Harley O. Staggers, D., W. Va., chairman of both the full committee and the investigations panel.

When asked whether he had the votes to have the full committee make the contempt citation recommendation to the House, Rep. Staggers said, "That remains to be seen." Rep. Staggers said the full committee plans to meet later this week, tentatively on Thursday.

Bomb Hoax Stops Paris-N.Y. 747

PARIS, June 29 (AP)—A Trans World Airlines jumbo jet en route to New York turned back to Orly airport today after an anonymous telephone call warned that a bomb was aboard. Several persons suffered sprained ankles or skin burns in sliding down the emergency evacuation chutes after the Boeing-747 landed. No bomb was found.

The telephone caller had said: "Listen to this. A bomb has been placed aboard your flight 803 in spite of your precautions. You have 60 minutes to react. Long live President Nixon and anarchy."

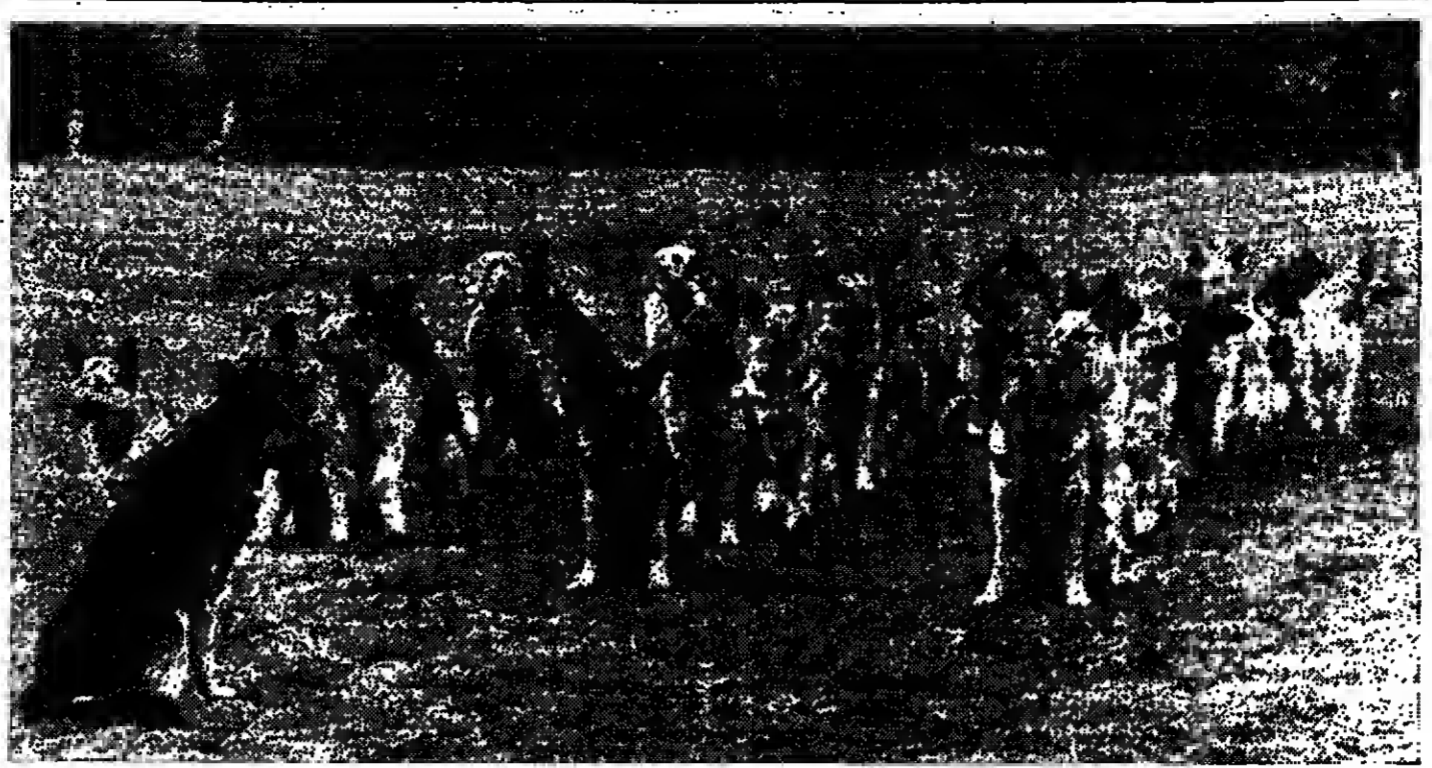
The plane, which had left Paris at noon with 178 passengers and a crew of 15, landed at Orly at 1:30 GMT. The passengers were sent on to New York in other TWA planes or on other airlines flights.

Senate Approves Funds For Radio Free Europe

WASHINGTON, June 29 (Reuters)—The Senate today approved over government financial support for Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.

The Senate, acting without debate on a financing measure contained in a resolution providing funds for a variety of government agencies on a temporary basis until Aug. 6, officially ended undercover financing by the Central Intelligence Agency of the two radio stations, which broadcast into eastern Europe and the Soviet Union.

MICHEL SWISS PERFUMES-GLOVES BAGS-TIES-GIFTS SPECIAL EXPORT DISCOUNT 15 Rue de la Paix - PARIS Tel.: 01. 26. 26. 26



THE TOP DOG—Kim, the Alsatian in the foreground, waits to bark out orders as police dogs sit at ease in three files in East Molesey, England. They were to rehearse for show that opens in Kenilworth Tuesday.

North Carolina Opens Talks To Sell Tobacco to Chinese

By Kenneth Reich

ATLANTA, June 29—A 90-minute meeting between a North Carolina official and a Chinese diplomat in the Canadian capital has led to a decision to try to sell flue-cured North Carolina tobacco to the Chinese.

North Carolina officials said yesterday that an eight-to-ten man delegation will apply for visas within the next 30 days to attend the Canton trade fair this autumn.

Robert Leak, administrator of the North Carolina Division of Commerce and Industry, elaborated on the plans after an announcement by Gov. North Scott that at his direction, North Carolina has become "the first [U.S.] state to initiate firm action to re-enter the Chinese market."

China had purchased an annual average of 87.6 million pounds of American flue-cured tobacco in the 1920s and 72.9 million pounds in the 1930s, Gov. Scott said.

The governor disclosed that North Carolina had dispatched its Commerce and Industry Division's export coordinator, Ronald McCowen, to the Chinese Embassy in Ottawa, where he was received "with interest."

"The discussion was cordial and the groundwork was laid for further communication and contacts with embassy officials," Gov. Scott said.

In Ottawa, a Chinese press attaché declined comment. Elaborating on the governor's remarks, Mr. Leak said that Mr. McCowen had carried to the Chinese "No. 2 man" in Ottawa a proposal that the state send a small trade mission to Canton for discussions with Chinese trading agencies.

"They had a frank discussion," Mr. Leak said. "It was felt that visa applications would be made and they would determine whether to let our people in."

But the administrator said he was encouraged because Mr. McCowen "was unshaken right in and given an hour and a half. They did receive him rather nicely."

In a speech in Raleigh, N.C., Gov. Scott noted that in 1970 China produced 880 million pounds of flue-cured tobacco. "From all indications which have come to me, there is every reason to expect that China would resume importing our flue-cured tobacco exported by the United States,"

Los Angeles Times TV Fact Signed LONDON, June 29 (Reuters).

Italian Village Hit By New Tremors

MIGNANO MONTELUONGO, Italy, June 29 (UPI)—The ground shook again in this mountain village today after a one-month lull, and hundreds of residents fled in panic. No injuries or damage were reported.

Mignano Montelungo, nestled 482 feet up on a hillside near the abbey of Montecassino, has been rocked by more than 700 light tremors since Sept. 27, 1970. About one-third of its 3,987 inhabitants have fled.

N.Y. High Court Refuses Demand To Bar 'JAP' as a Trademark

NEW YORK, June 29 (NYT)—The State Supreme Court refused yesterday to bar the use of the word "JAP" as a trademark for a brand of women's apparel marketed here and abroad.

The New York Chapter of the Japanese-American Citizens League had sued to prevent the designer of the clothing and the product's world marketing agent from using the label "JAP" on the grounds that the term was "derogatory" and offensive to Americans of Japanese descent and a violation of their civil rights.

Justice Harold Star, however, found that the petitioners had "failed to show any right to this relief requested." "The only injury alleged by the petitioners," he continued, "appears to be an injury to petitioners' feelings." "While the use of this word may offend some sensibilities, there is clearly no violation of anyone's civil rights or is there present any irreparable damage," the judge held.

Missing in Italy: A 5-Ton Bridge

DOBBIACO, Italy, June 29 (AP)—A five-ton iron railway bridge has been dismantled and stolen near this Italian Dolomite village.

The bridge over a mountain stream was part of the Cortina-Dobbiaco rail line, which is no longer in use. The theft was reported yesterday by shepherds in the isolated mountain area.

Police speculated that the thieves used the bridge for scrap iron.

Airlines Begin Fare Parley Under Threat of a Price War

By Robert J. Samuelson

WASHINGTON, June 29 (UPI)—With the threat of a full-scale price war in the background, representatives of the world's major international airlines have begun meeting in Montreal to set new air fares between North America and Europe.

Some of the airlines have threatened to go out any new agreement on prices unless it includes a significant reduction in fares for all age groups. These carriers are demanding that the new low fares for travelers between ages 15 and 25—"youth fares"—of about \$200 for a round-trip to Paris—be made available for other passengers.

The new agreement is not scheduled to take effect until April 1, 1972, although it is possible that some airlines will propose lower prices before then.

"This meeting will be about as friendly as the Paris peace talks," one U.S. airline executive said. One common proposal would establish an "advance-purchase fare." Although details of the various proposals differ, the recommendation of Trans World Airlines would set a New York-to-London round-trip fare of \$200 during the "off-season" and \$300 during the "peak" season (June through August for eastbound flights, and July through September for westbound trips).

Pan American would put the peak fare at \$240. To enjoy these lower fares, passengers would be required however, to make their reservations well in advance of departure dates. For TWA, the advance period would be three months; travelers who changed their plans would suffer a 25 percent cancellation penalty.

The fare agreements worked out by the International Air Transport Association normally require the unanimous approval of the 21 carriers flying between North America and Europe. This year, however, at least four of the major carriers—TWA, Pan Am, British Overseas Airways Corp. and Air Canada—have reportedly vowed to bypass the IATA if they find the agreement unsatisfactory.

The four carriers, which all support introduction of "advance-purchase" fares, reportedly met in London earlier this month to plan strategy for the Montreal meeting.

Behind the four airlines' advance

Leslie Bacon Pleads Innocent To Conspiracy

NEW YORK, June 29 (UPI)—Peace activist Leslie Bacon pleaded innocent yesterday to federal charges she conspired to make firearms and incendiary bombs in connection with the attempted bombing of a New York branch of First National City Bank on Dec. 4.

The 19-year-old Californian, first arrested as a material witness in the March bombing of the Capitol in Washington, pleaded innocent to all eight counts of the indictment.

U.S. District Judge Dudley B. Bonsal continued her \$10,000 bail and granted her request to travel to New Jersey to consult a lawyer. He referred the case to Judge Sylvester J. Ryan for trial, but set no date.

Six persons already have been convicted on state charges in the bank bombing case. The federal indictment said that Miss Bacon, who has not been charged by the state, took part in the planning but was not with the group that allegedly set out to bomb the bank.

Ex-Teacher Leaves \$5 Million to Vassar

POUGHKEEPSIE, N.Y., June 29 (UPI)—Helen D. Lockwood, who lived modestly as chairman of Vassar College's English Department, has left the school an estate valued at more than \$5 million.

Miss Lockwood, who retired from Vassar in 1956 after 29 years at the school, died last March in Seaford, Sussex, England, at the age of 79. Colleagues expressed surprise at the size of the bequest and recalled Miss Lockwood as a "strong, direct woman, who dressed well, owned a Packard and traveled extensively."

IATA Rejects Nader Demand For Open Talks

MONTEREAL, June 29 (NYT)—Representatives of the world's airlines today ignored demands that they open their secret meetings to "consumers."

The effort to unlock the doors was led by a group of consumer advocate Ralph Nader's "Raiders," which accused the airlines of using the IATA as a means of "price fixing to keep air fares at artificially high levels."

"The present rates are bound to go up, even on the airlines talking about bringing them down," said Reuben Robertson, a lawyer attached to Mr. Nader's Washington office.

Suspected Killer of 25 Ill

YUBA CITY, Calif., June 29 (AP)—Juan Corona, 37, suspected of killing 25 transient fruit workers, apparently has suffered a mild heart attack. He may not be able to attend a July 13 preliminary hearing, a doctor said today.

Soviet Doctor: 3 Cosmonauts Are Well but Tired

MOSCOW, June 29 (UPI)—A Soviet doctor today reported some "signs of fatigue" in three Salyut cosmonauts. But he said they will be able to complete their mission without difficulty.

Dr. Arkady V. Yeryomin, interviewed on television at the Soviet cosmodrome at Baikonur, Kazakhstan, said doctors have found no significant changes in the cosmonauts' health during their record-breaking 24-day flight. He said:

"There are some small symptoms of fatigue, but this is natural since the task was extensive and the flight has been long."

"According to information received from the station there have been no significant changes in the health of the cosmonauts. All the information so far indicates that they will complete their task and fulfill the entire program. We will greet them with pleasure on earth, and we expect that they will quickly return to the ranks."

The tone of Dr. Yeryomin's remarks seemed to support predictions by Western space observers that the cosmonauts soon will return to earth.

At 0900 GMT today, Salyut had completed 558 earth orbits, according to an announcement by the Soviet news agency Tass.

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REWARD 70,000 F For sentimental reasons This sum is offered to anyone who can help retrieve an oval cut emerald ring set in platinum and diamonds belonging to a jewelry collector stolen from an apartment in the 16th quarter of Paris on June 15, 1971. ABSOLUTE DISCRETION ASSURED Tel.: Mr. REYNOLD'S office, at 076-70-85, between 1 and 3 p.m. & 9-10 p.m.

the spell of youth Je Reviens WORTH PARIS

A place in our Heart This golden heart is a masterpiece of Filigrana-jewellery, as well as a symbol (Filigrana—a Portuguese popular handcraft and a tradition that originates from the 13th century). In fact, we are traditionally familiar with delicate pieces of work that require the refinement of a rare personal touch. The heart—as an affective symbol—is a constant theme in our popular art. Because it is the way of being of the Portuguese, when you book a seat on a TAP plane, you also have a place in our heart. All Airlines are alike. Only people make them different. TAP PORTUGUESE AIRWAYS

FREDDY PERFUMES GLOVES - BAGS - GIFTS 10 RUE AUBER, PARIS SPECIAL EXPORT DISCOUNT

The Problem of Pakistan

Like most issues in this interdependent world, the problem of Pakistan ostensibly concerns its internal affairs, but actually—quite apart from the moral reprobation excited by the Pakistani government's actions—much of the rest of the world is inextricably involved. Certainly this is true of the United States, whether Washington likes it or not.

To be sure, there are other nations with even greater degrees of involvement. India is the most important of these, because of frictions going back to—and even before—Independence came to the subcontinent. India is the unwilling host of millions of refugees, who have placed an intolerable burden on a shaky economy. It possesses a common border with Pakistan, an uneasy border that could erupt into conflict. Britain has a special responsibility as headquarters, if no longer head, of the Commonwealth. China has assumed responsibility by applauding the government of Pakistan and shipping guns; the Soviet Union by its support of India. And the Aid-to-Pakistan Consortium comprises 11 nations.

But the accountability of the United States cannot be diffused among any number of states. It is direct, and it is heavy. America is one of Pakistan's earliest and, at the outset, closest allies. It has provided a substantial part of the economic aid going to that country, as well as a good deal of military assistance. And there is apparently no intention in Washington of stopping the economic aid, or of cutting off supplies of what are euphemistically termed "non-lethal" military items.

The Washington argument is, of course, that to cut off aid would constitute "sauc-

ions and an intrusion in internal problems," as a State Department official put it. In the light of the fact that the harsh suppression of the Bangla Desh uprising has in fact created international problems on a major scale, this argument is not impressive. Nor is there any real indication that a political settlement of the battle between East and West Pakistan is close. India considers President Yahya Khan's proposal for a new constitution "totally negative"; that may be too strong, but the numerous conditions imposed by Gen. Yahya Khan on Bengal representation in the national assembly, and the ban on regional parties, contain little promise of accommodation.

There is an argument for continued economic aid to Pakistan; the country needs it as much as if not more than the government does, and the chaos induced by national poverty is hardly conducive to statesmanship. But there is no excuse for continued shipment of arms, in whatever guise, or under whatever ill-judged attempt at secrecy. True, ending military sales might make the Yahya Khan government wholly dependent for weapons on China, but the difference between that and the present situation is not too consequential, while the ability of Pakistan to point to the benevolent attitude of the United States will not aid East Pakistan or enhance America's prestige.

It is all very well for Washington, under the Nixon "low profile," to avoid dramatic responses to events abroad. But when the mere continuance of past policies could assist in exploding a large part of Asia, that in itself is a dramatic and dangerous response. It is time for a change—past time—in Pakistani-American relations.

The Exclusionary Rule

The Supreme Court found occasion on Monday to remind Attorney General Mitchell, a slow learner, that "when the right of privacy must reasonably yield to the right of search is, as a rule, to be decided by a judicial officer, not by a policeman or government enforcement agent." The case before the court involved a search and seizure by New Hampshire police officers conducted on the basis of a warrant issued by the attorney general of New Hampshire (who had assumed charge of a murder investigation and was later the chief prosecutor at the trial) acting as a justice of the peace. The Supreme Court reversed the conviction of the accused on the ground that the warrant for the search and seizure did not satisfy the requirements of the Fourth Amendment because it was not issued by a "neutral and detached magistrate." Mr. Mitchell has a notion (grotesquely mistaken in our judgment) that he can authorize a search and seizure, without obtaining the approval of a neutral and detached magistrate, whenever he deems it "reasonable" to do so in a situation involving national security.

The judgment of the Supreme Court seems to us natural enough and in clear conformity with the historic meaning of the Fourth Amendment. But one aspect of this case that seems to us surprising is a single-page opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Burger, dissenting in part and concurring in part, which declares: "This case illustrates graphically the monstrous price we pay for the exclusionary rule in which we seem to have imprisoned ourselves."

The exclusionary rule, to state it very simply, provides that courts will not admit as evidence in criminal prosecutions material obtained in violation of the Constitution or the laws. Thus, the fruits of an unlawful search are inadmissible no matter how probative and reliable they may be; and a confession wrested from a suspect by torture or threats may not be used against him even though its validity may be demonstrated by independent investigation. It is true, of course, that this rule operates sometimes to punish the public, which sees a manifestly guilty man go free simply because a policeman, through error or excessive zeal, has transgressed the law in arresting him or seeking evidence to convict him.

Dissenting in a related case, the Chief Justice observed that "the rule has rested on a theory that suppression of evidence in these circumstances was imperative to deter law enforcement authorities from using improper methods to obtain evidence." And,

indeed, there is a great deal of experience, we think, to show that this theory is entirely valid. That it does not always deter police misconduct is no proof that it is without deterrent value. The Chief Justice himself says, "I do not propose, however, that we abandon the suppression doctrine (the exclusionary rule) until some meaningful alternative can be developed." Obviously the public interest would be poorly served if law-enforcement officials were suddenly to gain the impression, however erroneous, that all constitutional restraints on police had somehow been removed—that an open season on "criminals" had been declared."

The Chief Justice acknowledges that private damage actions against individual police officers afford no "meaningful alternative." As he says with considerable understatement, "Jurors may well refuse to penalize a police officer at the behest of a person they believe to be a criminal, and probably will not punish an officer for honest errors of judgment." "Criminals," moreover, are reluctant to go to courts to right the wrongs done to them. And, besides, few policemen are able to pay substantial damages in the unlikely event that a judgment should be rendered against them.

The remedy suggested by the Chief Justice is that the government itself should afford "compensation and restitution for persons whose Fourth Amendment rights have been violated." This seems to us as reasonable and just, so far as it goes; and we should be glad to see Congress establish the mechanism for such a remedy. But we do not see any reason to suppose that it will effectively curb police carelessness regarding constitutional rights; on the contrary, it may well provide a pretext for ignoring those rights.

More significant than all this, however, is the fact that when courts admit evidence obtained by unlawful police conduct they lend color and countenance to lawlessness. They become, in a real sense, accomplices in crime. The essential defense of the exclusionary rule lies in its indispensability for maintaining the purity of the judicial process. The essential argument against using evidence obtained through violation of the law is that it undermines respect not only for the courts themselves but for the law of which the courts are custodians.

In our view, the price we pay for the exclusionary rule is not nearly so "monstrous"—to use the Chief Justice's own word for it—as the price we would pay, in terms of the corruption of our courts, if we were to abandon that rule.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

Fifty Years Ago

June 29, 1896

June 30, 1921

MADRID—The Spanish government has authorized the Minister of the Marine to purchase a heavy cruiser, that is already built and supposedly ready at Trieste. In Northern Italy, it is reported that a government commission will be appointed tomorrow to proceed to Trieste, examine the vessel, and if her condition and her price are satisfactory, to immediately effect the purchase.

NEW YORK—It is reported from Leavenworth, Kansas, that Jack Johnson, former heavyweight champion of the world, will be released from the Federal Penitentiary in time to get to the big fight between Jack Dempsey and Frenchman Georges Carpentier. It is stated further that he will challenge the winner of the fight to a championship fight in the near future. He just might be a little too old.



The Mediterranean Plug

By C. L. Sulzberger

PARIS.—The contretemps developing between NATO and the island republic of Malta could, unless settled by friendly agreement, prove immensely embarrassing for the defense of Western Europe. For Malta is the plug of the Mediterranean; it is in a position to block either east-west or north-south movement across those lovely waters.

This has been recognized for centuries and at various times the Turks, Russians, French, British and Italians have either coveted or controlled it. Even so recently as World War II, Malta was one of the key strategic points. Had Hitler been able to overwhelm his heroic defenders of the Middle East, North Africa, Italian and southern France campaigns might all have turned out differently.

For this reason the North Atlantic allies are gravely concerned about the dispute that broke out between members of their coalition and Dom Mintoff's new Maltese government immediately after his electoral victory this month. Already alarmed by persistent and successful Soviet penetration of the island sea, NATO fears dramatic worsening of its position should Malta withdraw facilities hitherto made available to the West and offer them instead to Russia.

Danger Recognized

The alliance has always recognized the danger that it might be outflanked from the south if any hostile power could extend its influence over the North African shore, but for some years this danger was held remote. Only after the Nasser arms deal

with Moscow and successive Arab revolutions did the possibility become tangible. Today the threat is regarded as serious. The sole really secure harbors and airfields available to allied ships and planes east of Italy are in Greece, Syria, Egypt and North Africa have squeezed them out. Were Malta to exclude NATO's vessels (including the directly associated U.S. Sixth Fleet) the block to Soviet penetration westward would be removed; were Malta to turn over its dockyard facilities to the Russians, that possibility would be immensely increased.

NATO is trying to handle the problem with maximum coolness. Nevertheless it has already had two quiet meetings on the Malta situation since Mintoff ordered out the alliance's Mediterranean commander, a right-wing Italian admiral the Maltese prime minister particularly dislikes. Since then a squeeze has been applied against the Sixth Fleet. Meanwhile a Soviet cruiser hangs around nearby, perhaps awaiting an invitation to pay a call.

Three-Ply Problem

NATO splits up the problem into three phases: (1) How necessary is Malta to allied defenses? (2) How useful would it be to Russia as a base? (3) How necessary is it as a site for the alliance's Mediterranean command? The obvious fallback position of any NATO negotiation with Mintoff would be to agree to back down on Point 3, possibly to reduce emphasis on point 1, but to make an all-out stand against changes affecting Point 2. Thanks to opposition by the

Scandinavian partners, Malta was never admitted to NATO when it wished membership. However, it was co-opted into allied defenses and made the Mediterranean command post while still a British colony. The island became independent in 1964 and signed a consultation agreement with NATO the following year. Mintoff is an ambitious left-winger but not demonstrably pro-Communist. He hopes to balance Maltese relationships with the two superpowers, the U.S.A. and the U.S.S.R. It is not known whether he merely wants better terms for a continuing defense agreement with Britain obtaining more money and total control of Maltese facilities, or if he wants to go whole hog and neutralize the island.

Neutrality is an increasingly popular trend but in the Mediterranean it is frequently tinged with a pro-Soviet bias. Even Libya, which claims to be free of any Marxist influence, is linked in confederation with Egypt and Syria, which lean on Russian support. And Moscow seems anxious to push into Libya in order to control the spigot of its vast petroleum resources, thus subjecting Western Europe to potential oil blackmail.

The Russians, who have every legal right to do so, insist they want eventual equality with the West in the Mediterranean, which they regard as only an extension of the Black Sea. But allied leaders are saying to each other about the same thing. Cato the elder, a Mediterranean resident, once said: "If we make them our equals, they will soon be our masters."

Sleepers Awake

By Richard Harwood

WASHINGTON.—The continuing storm over publication of the Pentagon Papers contains lessons for all of us. The newspapers are learning from this episode and from the national loss of memory that has occurred since 1964 that their impact on public opinion in the United States is tragically limited. The substance and in some cases the precise details of virtually everything The Washington Post and The New York Times have printed from the Pentagon Papers is ancient history. It was a party all published while it was happening. And it was largely a futile enterprise; neither the public nor the congressional politicians were listening.

The government is learning something, too. It is learning that policy is poorly communicated and public opinion is poorly shaped by proxy. All through the early 1960s, government officials were anonymously "leaking" their fears and "options" for Vietnam through the press as a substitute for public candor and direct communication with the people. This produced considerable support for the government's 2-3-3-3 policies by most of the major newspapers. Including The Post and The Times. But newspaper editorials are not necessarily the voice of the people, and newspapers, as is now evident, are inadequate instruments for public education. What the public and politicians could learn from this experience is that if they sit there asleep in the back row while their destinies are being debated, they are in a poor position when the thunder ends to cry foul and search for scapegoats.

Fully Covered
The facts of this particular case are that The Post and The Times and other large news organizations published thousands of stories, editorials and essays in 1964 describing the deteriorating military and political situation in Vietnam—just as it was described in the official memoranda and cables in the Pentagon Papers. The various opinions and contingency plans being put before the President at that time were reported repeatedly and accurately—as they are now reported in the official papers.

The growing combat role of American forces was laid out in impressive detail on front pages all over the country—the first use of napalm against suspected hostile villages, the commitment of U.S. helicopters and crewmen to the battlefield, the reconnaissance, bombing and

strating missions of U.S. aircraft in South Vietnam and Laos, the U.S. role in the training and transport of South Vietnamese raiding parties into North Vietnam. The circumstances of the Tonkin Gulf incident, including the prior raids by South Vietnamese forces against North Vietnamese territory, were reported accurately at the time. The possibilities of U.S. air raids on North Vietnam were reported and discussed in the press repeatedly far in advance of the event.

What the evidence from that time suggests is that despite the preoccupation of the newspapers and of the government with Vietnam, the public was both ill-informed and not greatly interested. The Gallup Poll in May, 1964, reported that 63 percent of the American people had no opinion about the war or how it was going or what the United States should do. The reason for that, Gallup explained, was that the 63 percent were paying no attention to developments in Southeast Asia; neither the newspapers nor the government had won their attention. Six months later, when the war fever in Washington and in the press was rising, the Council on Foreign Relations reported the results of another poll. One in four adult Americans, the council found, was not even aware that a war was going on in Southeast Asia.

Just Not Interested
Week after week stories were published and were given prominent space in the newspapers. But if the opinion polls at that time are valid, as one presumes, the public was simply not interested. Nor were most members of Congress.

There was assuredly no outcry and no demand for court injunctions against the administration against the "security breaches" involved in many of these newspaper reports. On the contrary, it is obvious in retrospect that various factions in the administration were deliberately and consciously "leaking" top-secret plans and recommendations in order to build support for future U.S. actions. And it seems obvious, in retrospect, that both the administration and the newspapers were deluding themselves in assuming that "leaks" were an adequate substitute for the kind of public awakening and education that sometimes arises out of vigorous public debate by public officials. What may have been happening, as one observer suggested, is that the media were having more influence in making up minds within the government

than in influencing the public whose support the administration was seeking.

It is now seven years later. People in the news business are now indicting themselves—wrongly or not—"telling the truth." Politicians, who ought to know better, are claiming that no one told them what was going on. And the administration charges, years after the fact, that security is breached by the recounting of ancient history. It is a strange spectacle.

Dangerous Freedom?

Being an African, I feel somewhat awkward to comment on a purely American problem, but from what I can read in your paper, my conclusion is that many freedoms in the American style are extremely injurious to a country. First, if the government cannot be immune and insulated from the press, does it mean that the press is taboo? Second, the net result of The Times's disclosure appears to be a weakening of the American position in the Paris negotiations, the North Vietnamese delegation being able to further its accusations against the U.S.

FALL DAOUA,
Dakar, Sénégal.

The Glory That Was

I can't help but tell you that I am entirely astonished by your editorial "The Glory That Was Paris" (June 24). I would certainly agree to condemn any vandalism—in New York as well as in Paris. I am certainly afraid of the possibility of stupid urbanism which we often see developing everywhere. However, insofar as the former, Halls de Paris are concerned, I strongly disagree with the view that they should be considered the "heart" of Paris. Zola called them the "belly" of Paris, and would not like the idea of mixing heart and belly. It is a fact that the main merits of the Halls since many years were to feed hundreds of thousands of rats, creating a center of attraction for a population of small leaders and hooligans, and justifying entirely fictitious prices of food not only in Paris but all over France. As to the "Beldard pavilions," they were and still are entirely ugly buildings without any real artistic

Bernard Levin From London:

You have to be a very suspicious fellow (I am a very suspicious fellow) to believe that the British government is considering a sellout of the 4 million Rhodesian Africans...

LONDON—A British embassy magazine has a deal with the Ian Smith regime that will lead to the lifting of British sanctions and the acceptance of that regime as the legal government of Rhodesia.

The groundwork has been done with care. "Talks about talks about talks" took place about three months ago; explanations were made to see whether it was worth going further. Evidently both sides thought that it was; the "talks about talks about talks" have now been going on for some time. Soon it will be time, apparently, for "talks" themselves.

Now you have to be a very suspicious fellow (I am a very suspicious fellow) to believe that the British government is considering a sellout of the four million Rhodesian Africans for whom Britain has every kind of responsibility, and whom it is Mr. Smith's repeatedly declared intention to keep forever in a state of subjection to the tiny white minority. Not just because the British government (the Conservatives as well as their Labor predecessors) have repeatedly made it clear that they will agree to no deal with Smith that does not allow for "unimpeded progress toward majority rule." It is not necessary to be a very suspicious fellow to believe that a British government might make such a declaration and then fail to act on it; all you would have to be is a moderately realistic fellow. But there is more to it than that.

All-Around Fellow

The envoy extraordinary whom Mr. Heath and Sir Alec Douglas-Home have recently sent winging to Salisbury to talk with Mr. Smith is extraordinary in every sense of the word. He is Lord Goodman, a man who plays a unique role in British life. Head of a very successful law firm of the highest repute, he also wears simultaneously an amazing variety and number of public hats; he is chairman of the Arts Council (in itself a full-time job); chairman of the Newspaper Publishers Association (likewise); chairman of the trust that owns the Observer (one of our oldest-established and most respected Sunday newspapers); a member of a commission charged with investigating the system of government-appointed enquiries into matters of public concern; member of the committee whose responsibility is the building of our national character; a director of private companies; confident and adviser to prime ministers and other politicians and goodness knows how many more public and private

men. In short, in contemplating Lord Goodman I am reminded of Sir John Betjeman's phrase—"ringleader, tomboy and clown to the weak." (In one way a singularly inapposite comparison, as not the least extraordinary thing about Lord Goodman is his appearance; he is built on a huge, gregarious scale, with eyebrows like prehistoric forests.) But the important point about Lord Goodman in his present role is that he is a Socialist and an honorable man. He might have been chosen by the present government, and indeed almost certainly would have been, if the Smith regime that the negotiations were not going to be an empty sham; concessions on the part of Mr. Smith are going to be demanded if an agreement is to be reached.

There's No Way

Then why the suspicion that, despite all this, a sellout may be on its way? Simply because there is no possibility at all that Mr. Smith will agree, or even that he can agree, to any arrangement that offers the prospect of African rule in Rhodesia in a reasonable time. Mr. Smith's three immediate predecessors as head of the Rhodesian government were overthrown for wanting to go a cautious step toward African political advancement, and Mr. Smith knows that he will follow them into the discard pile if he gives an inch. Not that he shows any signs of doing so; he has made it brutally and contemptuously clear that there can be no question of majority rule in Rhodesia, and he is still saying so.

After all, even Lord Goodman is only mortal. In the end, whatever his brief from Mr. Heath, he is only an envoy; he can make the situation plain to Mr. Smith and report back to London on Mr. Smith's reaction. Then, however, it is up to the British government to decide how far to go to give Mr. Smith what he wants (the legal, constitutional and moral right to his institutionalized racism), and what (in the view of apparent, but no genuine, co-operations) is acceptable.

Lord Goodman, we may be sure, has fought hard to extract from Mr. Smith the utmost that is possible; to do Mr. Heath and Sir Alec Douglas-Home justice, they will fight hard too. But in the end they will have to face the grim fact that Mr. Smith is not in practice going to accept any deal which envisages white Rhodesians being ruled by black ones. Yet the government of this country is pledged to precisely such an outcome of any talks. If a deal is done, leaving Mr. Smith in position, it will not even be necessary to read the terms to know that it must be a sellout.

Letters

penetrating descriptions of East-Land (LET, June 29). You can photograph a starving Biafran baby; how do you photograph famished minds and dehydrated hearts? You can raise funds—and you are—on television for East Pakistani refugees; but what do you do for the Czechs, who are being massacred spiritually? "You are a lifeline to us," a Czech friend once told me. Those of us on this side of the Iron Curtain who have friends in Czechoslovakia can write (simple words of affection and solidarity pass even the most stringent censorship) We can visit them, though they are hardly able to reciprocate. True, it's giving hard currency to the regime, but if a few Czechs feel a little less isolated, a little less abandoned by their Western friends, then it's eminently worth it. Some of us do realize what's going on, and care very much. In small, undramatic ways, we do what we can.

CHRISTIAN VALENSKI,
Paris.

Kafka's People

Those of us in the West who have visited Czechoslovakia in recent months can only concur, sadly, with Betty Werther's

penetrating descriptions of East-Land (LET, June 29). You can photograph a starving Biafran baby; how do you photograph famished minds and dehydrated hearts? You can raise funds—and you are—on television for East Pakistani refugees; but what do you do for the Czechs, who are being massacred spiritually? "You are a lifeline to us," a Czech friend once told me. Those of us on this side of the Iron Curtain who have friends in Czechoslovakia can write (simple words of affection and solidarity pass even the most stringent censorship) We can visit them, though they are hardly able to reciprocate. True, it's giving hard currency to the regime, but if a few Czechs feel a little less isolated, a little less abandoned by their Western friends, then it's eminently worth it. Some of us do realize what's going on, and care very much. In small, undramatic ways, we do what we can.

E. DICKINSON,
Paris.

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TOO TIRED—The truck was old, the load heavy. Or perhaps it had succumbed to sympathy pains. The vehicle was found abandoned in Walsenburg, Colo.

Malta Officials Rule Out Role As Cuba of the Mediterranean

By Marvyn Howe

VALLETTA, Malta, June 29 (NYT)—Malta's newly elected Socialist Prime Minister Dom Mintoff is seeking "adequate compensation" for the use of this strategic island by Britain, the United States and other NATO countries.

Malta is not about to become the Cuba of the Mediterranean, as some "right-wing" European newspapers have warned, but would like to maintain the status quo if the necessary financial support can be obtained, according to high-level government sources.

Mr. Mintoff has, through a series of dramatic gestures, created a certain anxiety among his supporters, but seems to have strengthened his bargaining position.

Britain's high commissioner in Malta, Sir Duncan Watson, was received yesterday by Mr. Mintoff, who outlined his position on the revision of the 1964 defense and financial treaties with Britain.

His price for base facilities has not been made public but was expected to be high because of the serious financial problems facing the country.

What Mr. Mintoff wants according to informed government sources is to keep the British base but get more for it and reach separate agreements with the other nations using the facilities.

Nevertheless, there seems to have been a cooling off of tempers. There was no showdown over the arrival yesterday of a U.S. destroyer at Malta's sister island of Gozo.

Minutes later, Mr. Dante was hit on the back of the head by a stone. He turned to the crowd and shouted to the man to meet him in the square later to settle accounts.

Britain invited friends and invited her friends to come without membership fee," a spokesman for the government said.

Colombo Urges Sterling Role As Reserve Controlled by '6'

LONDON, June 29 (Reuters)—Jai's premier, Ennio Colombo, today advocated that sterling's role as a reserve currency should be transferred to a monetary unit controlled by the European Economic Community if Britain joins.

Mr. Colombo, boss on a three-day official visit ending tomorrow, referred to sterling's international role at a lunch in London's Mansion House.

The Italian foresaw the creation of a European monetary unit as a way of revitalizing and strengthening London's role as a great international market for trade, money and finance.

His suggestion was one of the first raised since Britain, in Common Market entry negotiations, said it was prepared to envisage an orderly and gradual rundown of the official sterling balances after entering the community.

Mr. Colombo also renewed his call for greater community attention to regional policies. But he stressed an cooperation with Britain in the monetary and economic field.

He said he was referring particularly to problems arising from short-term capital movements across frontiers and to activities in the Euro-dollar market, to the need for flexibility in the international monetary system, and particularly to an end to the floating of the West German mark and the Dutch florin, and finally to the establishment of an effective system for increasing international liquidity.

Mr. Colombo, formerly a minister of the treasury, had meetings during the day with Chancellor of the Exchequer Anthony Barber, Harold Wilson, leader of the Labor party, and a former Labor chancellor, James Callaghan. He also saw Jeremy Thorpe, the Liberal leader. Last night he met Roy Jenkins, another former Labor chancellor.

Soviet View On Literature Is Challenged

By Russian Writer In Journal Novy Mir

By Bernard Gwertzman MOSCOW, June 29 (NYT)—On the eve of the Fifth All-Union Writers Congress, a Soviet critic yesterday challenged the officially supported view that all Soviet literature must be written in the Socialist realism style.

Alexander Ovcharenko, a member of the editorial board of Novy Mir, argued in the latest issue of the journal that some of the most important Soviet writers did not write in Socialist realism and that it is wrong for dogmatic critics to say they did.

With the congress opening today, Mr. Ovcharenko's article has appeared at a sensitive moment, since the conservatives who dominate the congress leadership are sure to make a routine assertion of the over-riding primacy of Socialist realism in Soviet literature.

Disputed Point Socialist realism has always been a disputed point in the Soviet Union. Conservatives have tended to insist that only writing in that school can be printed here, while liberals have sought to include other styles as well.

Thus, many writers who could hardly be called Socialist realists have nevertheless identified as such and their works printed here during relatively liberal periods. But during crackdowns in the arts, their works were not printed.

In his article, called "Continuation of a Debate," he chides a well known dogmatic critic for saying that "in our literature there is only one method—Socialist realism."

Mr. Ovcharenko then argues that such well known writers as Alexander Blok, Vladimir Mayakovsky, Mikhail Bulgakov, Anna Akhmatova, Osip Mandelstam, Isaac Babel, Andrei Bely, Andrei Platanov and Boris Pasternak could hardly be regarded as "realists" in most of their writing.

Even Maxim Gorki, regarded as the founder of the Socialist realism school, wrote romantic works not in keeping with realism, Mr. Ovcharenko said.

Because of the sensitivity of authorities to ideological questions, Mr. Ovcharenko does not question the leading role of Socialist realism. But his listing of the nonrealistic writers would be interpreted by intellectuals here as a subtle attack on the current ideological restraints.

Almost all of the writers listed by Mr. Ovcharenko are favorites of Soviet liberals, and most have not been published in recent years, or in small editions.

In the Stalin years, Socialist realism generally meant a work in the realistic genre that ended on a sense of uplift for Soviet goals.

Today a key literary official denounced those that support Alexander I. Solzhenitsyn and other outlawed Soviet writers.

In the major report at the opening of the congress, secretary of the board of the union Georgi M. Markov also called for maintaining orthodoxy in the arts, with allegiance to the Communist party cited as the highest ideal.

Leonid I. Brezhnev, the party leader, Premier Alexei N. Kosygin and several other Politburo members attended the Kremlin meeting, lending official support to Mr. Markov's conservative report.

This was the first congress in four years, and the fifth since the union was established in 1932. There were more than 500 delegates representing the union's 7,200 members.

No other writer has caused authorities here more concern in recent years than the 52-year-old novelist, who last year won the Nobel Prize for literature, and who has just published a new novel, "August 1914," abroad.

Prior to the last congress, Mr. Solzhenitsyn sent a letter to all delegates protesting literary censorship in the Soviet Union.

His expulsion for allegedly not protesting strongly enough against the publication abroad of "The Cancer Ward" and "The First Circle," led to widespread protests from writers abroad, and less publicized complaints from some Soviet writers as well.

Although Mr. Solzhenitsyn's name was not mentioned directly, Mr. Markov referred to the awarding of the Nobel Prize to him and his November, 1969, expulsion from the union.

"Let those gentlemen from foreign ideological centers realize that their provocative stratagems will fool no one," he said. "The Soviet writers themselves decided and will continue deciding who should be a member of the Union of Writers and who should not."

"When for instance," Mr. Markov said, "Soviet law-enforcement agencies brought to account some caged-in-the-wood idlers for their parasitical life, someone abroad hastily listed these layabouts and ignoramuses as writers, awarding to each of them exceptional epithets: 'satiated,' 'ostentatious,' and even 'great.'"

Party-Line Vote on Paris Council Les Halles Reprieve Is Rejected

By James Goldsborough

PARIS, June 29 (NYT)—The Paris city council early this morning decided to ignore an international effort to save the pavilions of Les Halles and to begin tearing them down next week for urban reconstruction.

The final vote was 53-37, with the project being voted along party lines. Gaullists and their allies were for their destruction and Socialists and Communists against.

Today, however, a final and probably futile effort was begun to have the government and President Georges Pompidou intervene to overrule the city council. This could only be done if the pavilions were classified as historical monuments under government protection.

French interest in saving the immense 19th-century glass and iron structures picked up after an American banker arrived here a few weeks ago and said he wanted to buy them. By then, they had already been scheduled for destruction for over a year.

Postponement Sought The international interest aroused French interest, and the opposition motions at the city council last night were aimed at postponing the wrecking work while the project was reconsidered.

The Gaullists and their allies, however, control the council. Though defeated, the opposition has decided to seize the issue for political as well as aesthetic reasons.

The Socialist Federation today announced it was contacting other leftist parties and labor unions to organize a mass demonstration to save the pavilions. The Socialist Federation has nine of the 90 seats on the council.

Former Premier Edgar Faure also came to their defense today. Writing in the mass-circulation newspaper France Soir, Mr. Faure, an unusually independent Gaullist, said that "Paris doesn't only belong to the Parisians—it is the capital of the whole country."

He said the government should be consulted before the wreckers' ball begins to swing.

Folk Center One of the strongest arguments last night in favor of saving the pavilions was raised by opposition speakers who pointed out that since the old food markets were moved out of Les Halles two years ago, the pavilions have become a kind of impromptu folk center, with concerts, plays, dances and exhibitions being put on by both amateur and professional groups.

The speakers argued that the pavilions were filling—almost by accident—a need of the citizens. This argument was repeated. Speaking for the majority, Pierre Krieg said that the decision to renovate was irreversible and that the demolition was necessary for the construction of a new regional subway line.

Plans for the area call for a huge cultural and commercial complex, with a concert hall, theater, library, museum, underground mall and outdoor promenade in addition to office space.

Scheel Rejects Geneva Parley With U Thant BONN, June 29 (UPI)—West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel has turned down an invitation to meet UN Secretary-General U Thant in Geneva next month, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said today.

The spokesman said the reason was that Mr. Thant also invited East German Foreign Minister Otto Winzer to a similar, though separate, meeting in Geneva at about the same time.

In his reply to Mr. Thant, Mr. Scheel said he hoped to meet him on the occasion of the General Assembly meeting in New York this autumn.

Diplomatic sources said Mr. Scheel also told Mr. Thant that while he was ready and able to meet with him at any place of Mr. Thant's choosing, the secretary-general could meet with Mr. Winzer only in Moscow.

The diplomatic sidestepping reflected the West German government's refusal to countenance East German officials being placed on an equal footing with its own ministers by international institutions such as the United Nations.

Food Price Rise In Britain in Year Exceeds 10 Pct. LONDON, June 29 (AP)—Britain's Agriculture Minister James Price brought shouts of dismay from his own party in the House of Commons today by announcing that food prices have risen more than 10 percent in the year since the Conservatives came to power.

Mr. Price said the food price index had risen 10.4 percent between June 16, 1970, and May 18, 1971, and has gone up further since then. The Tories came to power on June 18 of last year.

Mr. Price's announcement was greeted by demands for his resignation from opposition Laborites. Tory Sir Gerald Mabarro said tax reductions granted by the government have already been wiped out by higher food prices.

Mr. Price promised that food prices would start coming down soon.

Death Camp Killer Gets Life, Suspended SAARBRUECKEN, West Germany, June 29 (AP)—A former Nazi SS lieutenant received a life prison term today for the murder of three inmates of a forced labor camp in Poland during World War II. But the sentence was suspended on the ground of his ill health.

The defendant, Fritz Gebauer, who originally was charged with murdering 22 inmates at the camp in Lvov, was ordered by the court to report to the police once a week. The court followed the recommendation of physicians that the 68-year-old electrician was too ill for imprisonment.

Wildcat Strikes Hit Belgium, Provoked by Rising Prices

ANTWERP, Belgium, June 29 (AP)—A wave of wildcat strikes has hit Belgium, provoked by the government's inability to check rising prices.

Officially the retail price index has only risen by about 2.5 percent so far this year, but consumers scoff at the figures. Wages are linked with the index.

The increase comes partly from a new system of calculating sales taxes which is being applied throughout the European Common Market.

The unrest has been in large companies like Agfa-Gevaert photo products, Bell Telephone Co. and Glaverbel, one of Europe's largest glass manufacturers.

It follows a two-year pact signed between trade unions and employers. Bell's five Belgian plants, employing 13,000 workers, were hit by strikes last week, and though the workers voted to return, only the smallest plant was operational today.

Higher wages and an end to the system of fluctuating wages based on productivity are the demands. The Glaverbel plant, with 2,000 workers, was hit by a strike yesterday. Agfa-Gevaert was closed for a week earlier this month.

Obituaries Lord Simonds of Sparsholt; Churchill's Lord Chancellor

LONDON, June 29 (AP)—Viscount Simonds, 89, the man Winston Churchill picked to be Britain's lord chancellor, died yesterday at his London home.

Viscount Simonds was politically unknown when Britain's wartime leader selected him in 1951 to be lord chancellor, Britain's top jurist. He took well to political life and served until 1955.

Gavin Turnbull Simonds was born at Basingstoke, England, of a Reading brewer family. He became a fellow of New College, Oxford, an attorney in 1906 and a queen's counsel in 1934.

He turned to the bench as a chancery judge in 1937, served as chairman of the National Arbitration Council from 1940 to 1944. He became lord of appeal in ordinary, a senior appeals court judge, in 1944, serving until 1962.

As lord of appeal in ordinary, Viscount Simonds became a life peer. He became a hereditary peer in 1962, and in 1964 Viscount Simonds of Sparsholt. He left no heir. One twin son was killed in action in World War II and the other died in 1951.

As a jurist he participated in a number of landmark rulings. One was his decision favoring Britain's income tax department in which he decided the National Anti-Vivisection Society was not a good charity. He meted a similar fate to an order of enclosed nuns.

Archbishop of Nancy NANCY, France, June 29 (Reuters)—The Archbishop of Nancy and Toul, the Most Rev. Emile Frollay, 73, died here today.

He was primate of the Lorraine region of eastern France.

Charles Szechenyi NEW YORK, June 29 (AP)—Charles Szechenyi, 65, member of a noble Hungarian family, who formerly served in the upper house of the Hungarian parliament, died here Saturday, it was announced yesterday.

Mr. Szechenyi settled in the United States in 1945 and became a citizen in 1951.

Lofly Blomfield AUCKLAND, New Zealand, June 29 (AP)—Maynell (Lofly) Blomfield, 62, New Zealand's veteran of the 1930s wrestling heyday, died today.

He was New Zealand and Australian professional wrestling champion and British Empire champion.

He toured North America, fighting 63 bouts—losing only one and drawing two. His opponents included Earl McCready, Joe Savoldi and Chief Little Wolf.

He reached his peak in 1938 when he wrestled world champion Bruno Nagratski to a draw at one fall each at Vancouver.

After retiring he became a hotelkeeper in the northern New Zealand city of Whangarei.

Martin Benka VIENNA, June 29 (UPI)—Slovak painter Martin Benka, 83, who was awarded the title of "National Artist" of Czechoslovakia for his landscape works, died in Bratislava today, the Czechoslovak news agency CTX reported.

Mr. Benka, who had several exhibitions between 1925 and 1942 in New York, Paris and Vienna, will be given a state funeral, CTX said.

Thomas E. Martin SEATTLE, June 29 (AP)—Former Sen. Thomas E. Martin, 70, died here today.

China Denies Phone Link HONG KONG, June 29 (UPI)—China's telecommunications authorities have denied reports that direct telephone communications would be established between China and Israel, the New China News Agency reported today. A statement issued in Peking said the reports from Jerusalem by UPI and Reuters were "a willful fabrication."

Scheel Rejects Geneva Parley With U Thant

BONN, June 29 (UPI)—West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel has turned down an invitation to meet UN Secretary-General U Thant in Geneva next month, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said today.

The spokesman said the reason was that Mr. Thant also invited East German Foreign Minister Otto Winzer to a similar, though separate, meeting in Geneva at about the same time.

In his reply to Mr. Thant, Mr. Scheel said he hoped to meet him on the occasion of the General Assembly meeting in New York this autumn.

Diplomatic sources said Mr. Scheel also told Mr. Thant that while he was ready and able to meet with him at any place of Mr. Thant's choosing, the secretary-general could meet with Mr. Winzer only in Moscow.

The diplomatic sidestepping reflected the West German government's refusal to countenance East German officials being placed on an equal footing with its own ministers by international institutions such as the United Nations.

Food Price Rise In Britain in Year Exceeds 10 Pct. LONDON, June 29 (AP)—Britain's Agriculture Minister James Price brought shouts of dismay from his own party in the House of Commons today by announcing that food prices have risen more than 10 percent in the year since the Conservatives came to power.

Mr. Price said the food price index had risen 10.4 percent between June 16, 1970, and May 18, 1971, and has gone up further since then. The Tories came to power on June 18 of last year.

Mr. Price's announcement was greeted by demands for his resignation from opposition Laborites. Tory Sir Gerald Mabarro said tax reductions granted by the government have already been wiped out by higher food prices.

Mr. Price promised that food prices would start coming down soon.

Death Camp Killer Gets Life, Suspended SAARBRUECKEN, West Germany, June 29 (AP)—A former Nazi SS lieutenant received a life prison term today for the murder of three inmates of a forced labor camp in Poland during World War II. But the sentence was suspended on the ground of his ill health.

The defendant, Fritz Gebauer, who originally was charged with murdering 22 inmates at the camp in Lvov, was ordered by the court to report to the police once a week. The court followed the recommendation of physicians that the 68-year-old electrician was too ill for imprisonment.

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Maria Callas: 'The Singer Is Nothing But the Servant of Genius'

By Naomi Barry

PARIS, June 29 (IHT).—Maria Callas, La Divina. The most controversial, brilliant and bedazzling operatic figure of our time. She has not appeared on an opera stage in six years and is still the Prima Donna. At last fall's opening of La Scala, the ovation was for Callas, who was sitting in a box. Her records are selling as briskly today as 12 years ago when her career was considered at its peak.

No one who has heard it has forgotten the fluid voice of richness, color and power. In a period when acting in opera was broad, to the point of ham, she was a controlled dynamo that could charge even a pianissimo with electric tension. Stories of her passion, artistic and savage temperament, natural genius, perfection, tantrums, difficulties have made her a legend.

For a legend, she is surprisingly young. She floated into the salon of her Paris apartment, a tall and graceful woman, unexpectedly willow slender, wearing a rose and gold brocade caftan. The reddish brown hair was pulled back in a simple ponytail.

True Beauty

She has the aura of true beauty. It is something about the way she carries herself. The camera does not capture the Mediterranean cream skin, the smiling charm, the gracious manners. As a hostess, she had the delicate consideration that puts a guest at ease.

She rarely consents to the many requests for interviews, uneasy about being misinterpreted. She agreed because we had been introduced by a mutual friend, Nadia Stancloff.

"Friendship means a great deal to me. Few people realize that. Nadia probably told you she was afraid of me in the beginning too. People so often have gotten the wrong opinion about me. I have made the mistake of rarely letting them know me.

"If I am a friend, I give. If I am not, I am indifferent. I believe in love, lots of loving. I believe in discipline. It is not enough to be born with the gift of a beautiful voice. You must work, work, work. No matter how far you go, perfection is always just beyond reach."

"Vissi d'Arte, Vissi d'Amore," aria of "Tosca." Leitmotiv of Callas's life.

The Juillard School of Music in New York has invited her to lead two series of classes this autumn.

"It will not exactly be teaching," she said. "I would like to try to pass on some of my experience to others. Opera is in crisis. I have been saying that since 1964. I do not want to let it die."

"I will be playing it by ear. Each singer is an individual and must be treated differently. I learned much from my teachers of the old school. I learned much from my conductors.

Technique

"I want to show these young students about breathing and how you spare yourself. The voice is a human instrument. Its life is short. It can't last at all without technique.

"Yet the supreme art is to hide technique until all seems effortless. That requires work and tremendous discipline, sacrifice and risks. If you really want to serve music, you must live it day and night.

"I mean give up everything for music. Tighten the belt. Keep yourself alive as a waitress if you have to. No job is degrading. Any job, every job is an honor. And it is a helluva work to do anything well. The world needs us all... street sweepers, electricians, artists."

Talks Begin on Getty Plan

LONDON, June 29 (AP).—Negotiations opened today between American and British art experts on a plan to solve the problem of Britain's losing major art works to U.S. buyers.

Burton Fredericksen, curator of the Malibu, Calif., museum created by oil billionaire J. Paul Getty, joined with New York dealer Michael Zimet in the talks with the National Gallery about the proposal sparked by the sale of

a Titian, "The Death of Actaeon" to the J. Paul Getty Museum.

Mr. Fredericksen, acting for Mr. Getty, promptly announced that his museum in California is prepared to leave the Titian on view in London along with other paintings so long as the National Gallery is willing to send something comparable to his budding gallery in Malibu.

The two Americans suggested that Mr. Getty's idea be adopted by all major museums.

"The National Gallery, unable to raise the money as of now to keep the Titian here, indicated the whole issue must be put up to a meeting of the board of trustees scheduled for Thursday. If the board agrees, an export license for the Titian would be a formality.



G. Neurecheil.

"I want to give a little happiness even if I haven't had much for myself. Music has enriched my life and hopefully—through me a little—the public's."

I babbed about having been present at the Paris Opera in 1965 when she sang Tosca, a performance which still shimmers in my mind's ear and eye. She dismissed the comment.

"You did it for the public, no?" I countered. "Not at all," she replied in the accents of New York's Washington Heights, where she was born.

"I did it as I thought it might please Puccini. When I had done my best, I was able to communicate to you through the only outlet I have. The composer.

"The singer is nothing but the servant of genius. It is the composer who is the genius. He left us the notes. As interpreters, it is our duty in all humbleness to read between the lines, to search out his soul, his message, to mind read his style, to bring out what he is trying to tell us. Each composer has a tempo and

Waverley Root is the author of several books on food, including "The Food of France," "Contemporary French Cooking" (with Richard de Roche-mont), and "The Roman Orgy" (on ancient Greek and Roman cooking to be published later this year). He is now working on an encyclopedic work, tentatively titled "Food: An Informal Dictionary." This is an entry from the dictionary.

his floors in the hope that it would cause young girls invited to his palace to lose their heads. For the Romans, acorus calamus (known since the Middle Ages as sweet flag, and also nowadays as sweet sedge or sweet rush) was a strong and even dangerous aphrodisiac. The danger does not appear evident, but perhaps the Romans did not confine themselves to eating its leaves or root. It irritates mucous membrane, and applied externally may have given them reason, or at least illusions.

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I dislike to discourage those to whom this opens titillating vistas, but the ancient Romans, who were obsessed by the idea of aphrodisiacs, which they discovered in the most unsuspectable foods, seem to have exaggerated when they dubbed calamus "the plant of Venus." They were probably influenced by its shape.

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world of his own. The wording and the notes may seem to be the same but a largo of Verdi is not a largo of Wagner and a lento of Beethoven is not a lento of Bellini. It is our obligation to find the sense and the shape. We must respect the composer even if it means sacrificing fireworks, like holding a high note for no reason except that it might bring us applause.

'No End'

"When I would go home after a successful performance, I was happy, but only for a little while. Then I would start cataloguing in my mind everything I might have expressed more. Like a house which must be dusted continually, there is no end to it. It is the same in music. The job is never finished.

"I am a Sagittarius, a hunter with the bow pulled ready to draw. When I believe, I can stand like a monument waiting for the right moment. Timing is very important in life. I usually do the fault. You can depend on someone else only for the minute it lasts, but it does not last long.

"I am not strong. I am proud. Pride is a woman's dowry. I didn't have to learn that, my love, I was born that way. Generally people are un dependable. You can't blame them. I cannot help but be dependable, but you can't expect others to be. It's not their fault. You can depend on someone else only for the minute it lasts, but it does not last long.

"I would like to advise these young singers that they should not try to make their careers too quickly. The more you learn and experience, the longer and better the career will be. I came up the hard way. I don't mean by crushing bodies. But I did give up the possibility of good contracts when the timing was not right. In 1949, Edward Johnson wanted me to make my debut at the Met in 'Fidelio' in English and 'Madame Butterfly' in Italian. I don't believe in opera in translation and I didn't consider Butterfly my best role. For a debut you must make sure you are a success. So I refused and had to wait for years.

"I am still for the slow way, especially now that life has speeded up. Singers overstrain before their time. The airplane takes you so quickly. You do not rest and recuperate enough."

Future

The future is full of projects. She is planning a recording of the arias of Verdi, emphasizing the more difficult ones, rarely sung. "Some people think they have grown out of style. They intrigue me. I like challenge. Certain modernists are trying to send romanticism and idealism down the drain. I maintain there will always be romanticism and idealism. In these things we do not change. Even though man can now go to the moon, the body continues to maintain its temperature."

Will she return to the operatic stage? She smiled and did not deny the possibility. "But, as for a debut, I need the best production, don't you think?"

"It is not generally known that two years ago, Visconti and I had a contract with the Paris Opera to do 'Travolta.' I insisted that there be 20 to 30 days of rehearsals for the orchestra and the chorus. They couldn't give the rehearsals, so the contract was annulled.

"But I am always working. I am just waiting for the extraordinary occasion.

"I'm happy and I don't feel sorry for myself. I belong to the givers. I want to give a little happiness even if I haven't had much for myself. Music has enriched my life and hopefully—through me a little—the public's. If anyone left an opera house feeling more happy and at peace, I achieved my purpose."

She is leaving soon on a holiday with close friends. "Just swimming, snorkeling, nonsense. When I play, it is so nice to be a child."



Scene from the Shaw brothers' "Anonymous Hero."

The Hollywood System

Hong Kong Films

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

HONG KONG, June 29 (IHT).—The Hollywood system is alive and thriving in Hong Kong. A vast studio, called Movietown, has sprung up at Clearwater Bay, on the Kowloon mainland across from the island city.

Here, under the auspices of the Shaw brothers, Run Run and Run Me, 29 films are before the cameras, a figure which recalls the Hollywood scene in the good old days before television. At that time MGM released 52 features a year and Paramount was not far behind. This year the Shaw brothers will finish 50 films, ten more than last year. There appears to be no business like Shaw business in the movie world these days.

The Shaws of Shanghai ventured into the entertainment world shortly after World War I. There were four Shaw brothers then and the eldest, Run Run, wrote and staged a play, hoping to lure audiences away from the new-fangled movies. When the play failed, his younger brothers urged a film version, on which they collaborated. It was an immediate success and the brothers started churning out motion pictures in 1924.

In 1924, Run Me and Run Run de-annealed to Singapore and released the American films of Charlie Chaplin, Mary Pickford and Douglas Fairbanks. They also acquired a chain of 100 theaters and amusement parks. In 1930, they produced the first Chinese talkie with the popular screen actress Butterfly Wu as his star. This was the Oriental hit of the day and similar sumptuous productions followed through the '30s decade.

The Japanese invasion halted the Shaws' activities, but after the war the surviving brothers resolutely began all over again. Today they control the largest privately owned film studio and cinema circuit in the world.

"There is no anti-trust law here," explained Run Run Shaw, a genial gentleman, in his black-leather-panel office at Movietown the other morning. "We have the films and we have the theaters and our system operates much as the MGM-Loew's combine once did. Our studios, too, are modeled on Hollywood lines, a self-contained town, equipped with 12 sound stages and our own color laboratory. The films produced are shown in the Shaw theaters throughout Asia and also in Europe, the United States, South America, Canada and Africa."

"The American producers had formulas for film-making—the Western, the gangster film, the musical—and so have we," he said. "Our films may be divided into categories. There are films in which sword combats are a major attraction. These sword films are very popular, but there have been some complaints about their savagery. We make modern action films, comedies, dramas and musicals. Certain specialties are based on classic Chinese plays. Public tastes are always changing and we try to meet the demand. Ours is the enormous popular audience."

"Censorship is strong in Southeast Asia and differs in various lands. New ideas are kept in prison and displace the mass of moviegoers. We have no equivalent of the Night Club of the Champs-Élysées."

Like his Californian forerunner, Run Run Shaw believes his cinema audience is for entertainment, but entertainment of the best possible quality. Technically the quality of his films is high. His studio's color process, Eastmancolor/Shaw-scope, is notable for its clarity, richness and beauty. He was awarded a prize for the dazzling photography of one of his epics, "The Magnificent Concubine," at the Cannes festival, and he finds that his greatest successes have been his most expensive and ornate productions: "The Kingdom and the Beauty," "The Assassin," "The One-Armed Swordsman" and "Golden Swallow."

All the Shaw films have both Chinese and English subtitles; the Chinese is for the non-Mandarin-speaking audiences. "The dialogue in films is always in Mandarin, but thanks to Confucius, written Chinese is comprehensible to all Chinese audiences," he explained.

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Waverley Root

An Aphrodisiac: But Don't Count On It

PARIS (IHT).—Euell Gibbons, in "Stalking the Heathful Herbs," tells of strewing the floor of his entry with freshly cut calamus leaves "so my guests were greeted by its spicy aromatic aroma." The word "amorous" was well chosen, for acorus calamus is, or has been, reputed to be healthy with a vengeance, and Gibbons might have been viewed by the ancient Romans in the same light as Dionysus, Tyrant of Syracuse, who spread wild thyme on

his floors in the hope that it would cause young girls invited to his palace to lose their heads. For the Romans, acorus calamus (known since the Middle Ages as sweet flag, and also nowadays as sweet sedge or sweet rush) was a strong and even dangerous aphrodisiac. The danger does not appear evident, but perhaps the Romans did not confine themselves to eating its leaves or root. It irritates mucous membrane, and applied externally may have given them reason, or at least illusions.

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Entertainment in New York

NEW YORK, June 29.—This is how The New York Times critics rate new plays and movies:

Theater "The Last Analysis," Saul Bellow's play first produced on Broadway in 1964, which returned in a revised version to the Circle-in-the-Square Theater, "has always deserved better of fate," writes Clive Barnes, "and this time I hope will get it." The play is really a dramatized satire on Freudian psychoanalysis in particular and psychologists in general, on TV comedy, on 20th-century America, Barnes reports. "What Bellow has to say is not shatteringly original, but it is said with wit and style. . . . [It] is a peculiar mixture of brilliance and promise of wit, humor and cheerfully careless craftsmanship, remains one of the funniest comedies written during the past few years." The hero is Philip Bumbridge, a former vaudeville and television star, who "helped" by his sex-kitten secretary, starts on a voyage of self-discovery, using a self-help couch.

Movies "Death in Venice," Luchino Visconti's film adaptation of the Thomas Mann short story, has turned the original material into a "scenic baroque tale of an inhibited immortal, a fussy old man who develops a mad crush on a beautiful youth," comments Vincent Canby. "By failing to communicate the complexity and intelligence of the Mann work—and by falling with such seeming

cinematic style, it says that this is all that movies do. This, of course, is nonsense. The performance of Dirk Bogarde is 'full of right gestures' as the German artist, Canby says, but even though the gestures are right, 'they seem calculated and rather empty, as if each had been carried one step too far.' Bjorn Andreassen, as the Polish boy who, according to the film version, lures Aschenbach to his fate, shores 'all the innocence of a street hustler, from virtually their first encounter,' Canby says.

"The Greek" Claude Lelouch's film about a former lawyer (Jean-Louis Trintignant) who, with his ex-wife (Christine Lelouch), masterminds a kidnapping, suggests to Roger Greenspan "nothing so much as a hard-edged 'Man and a Woman' with analogous self-indulgence, misdirected visual rhetoric and inexpressive stylistic excesses." But he had kinder things to say about the cast: "All the performances are more reasonable than the roles call for," says Greenspan. "I especially liked the delicately beautiful Christine Lelouch as the type of modern moll."

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Japanese Act to Dispel Revaluation Pressure

TOKYO, June 29 (AP)—Japan decided today to take two measures to help dispel the pressure for an upward revaluation of the yen.

Reversing policies in existence for about 25 years, the government decided to end preferential treatment for exports and to allow Japanese individuals to buy foreign stocks and bonds.

Today's decision raised interest rates for export financing to a uniform 5.5 percent, the same as the official discount rate.

The cabinet decision on origin securities is designed to help slow the growth of official gold and currency reserves, which are expected to reach the equivalent of about \$7.7 billion by the end of this month—more than double the \$3.77 billion of a year ago.

Finance Ministry officials said that from July 1 there will be no limit on securities investments abroad, either for institutional or individual investors.

Since April 1970 institutional investors have been allowed to invest abroad within certain limits.

In addition, Japanese citizens will be allowed to purchase real estate abroad and will receive automatic approval for direct investment up to \$8 million in foreign commercial ventures.

Investors will be required to make their transactions through Japanese securities firms.

Brokers at major firms here predicted that nearly all initial purchases will be made on the New York Stock Exchange, with small amounts gradually spreading to major European exchanges.

But they could not estimate the expected volume.

In New York, stock analysts said the decision could result in purchases of as much as \$2 billion during the next few years.

OECD Limitation Finance Ministry officials said investors will be limited to securities listed on major exchanges in industrialized countries belonging to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

Investment will continue to be prohibited in the participation certificates issued by investment trusts such as the Investors Overseas Services group.

In a further development announced today, the government authorized the removal of import quotas on 36 products, effective tomorrow.

The decision is part of a continuing program of import liberalization. Japan will still retain import restrictions on 80 items, although 20 of these are scheduled for liberalization in September.

The 26 products include certain fresh and preserved foods, chemicals and car engines.

Sato-Kennedy Talks It was also announced that Prime Minister Eisaku Sato has agreed to meet U.S. Ambassador-at-Large David Kennedy tomorrow for an exchange of "frank" views on the Japanese textile industry's unilateral restraints on woolen and man-made fiber exports to the United States.

An official said Mr. Kennedy probably would propose that Japan and the United States resume talks on the textile trade issue at government level, which

Cunard Group Considering Takeover Bid

Rumors of Offer Boost Price of Firm's Shares LONDON, June 29 (Reuters).—Cunard, Britain's prestige shipping group, revealed today that talks are being held with an unnamed bidder to take over the company whose Queen liners brought it world fame.

Sir Basil Smallpiece, the company's chairman, said the discussions were in a preliminary stage and added, "No indications of their likely outcome can be given."

His statement followed persistent speculation which has been pushing Cunard shares up on the London Stock Exchange.

Sir Basil said he was making his statement because of the rising share prices. He declined to name the bidder.

Last February the company revealed a loss for 1970 of £1.93 million (\$4.8 million) compared with a profit of £3.16 million the previous year.

But last April Sir Basil said the group hoped to become profitable by 1972. He said Cunard had set course on a tough plan to restore its fortunes.

"Loss-making operations will continue to be cut out if they cannot be made profitable," he declared.

The company's share prices shot up today 24 pence on the day before closing with a gain of 16.5 pence (39.6 cents) to 125.25 pence.

Speculation centered on one of Britain's most active businessmen, Jim Slater, as the possible buyer for Cunard.

Observers said Mr. Slater has been buying up his holdings in Cunard over the last few months.

But Mr. Slater, president of Slater Walker Securities, refused to comment.

Britain's biggest shipping line, Pacific & Orient, said they are not the bidders.

Swiss Group To Purchase French Store

By Clyde H. Farnsworth PARIS, June 29 (NYT)—Au Printemps, the French department store, is to be bought by a Swiss enterprise, further widening foreign participation in French retailing.

The purchaser is Maus de Geneve, a holding company run by descendants of refugees from Alsace-Lorraine who fled after the German invasion of 1870.

The Swiss company is owned by two brothers, Jacques and Bertrand Maus, who together with a French associate, Pierre Levy, will acquire shares owned by the 86-year-old president of Printemps, Pierre Lagulon.

The Maus brothers have a majority interest and Mr. Levy a minority interest in Sud Alsacien des Grands Magasins, a department store company with interests chiefly in eastern France. This is to be the vehicle for the transaction with Mr. Lagulon.

Stockholders to Meet Printemps, which has been run as a closely held private company since it was founded in the middle of the last century, is to change its structure as well as its ownership at a special stockholders meeting called for "some time next fall," according to a statement issued by the company.

The Maus brothers and Mr. Levy will acquire about 150,000 of newly created shares at a price estimated at 40 million francs—\$7.2 million.

Despite Printemps' recent slide in profits and sales, there was a lively inside struggle for control of the Lagulon shares.

The other bid came from Belgium, from four brothers in the textile business, Bernard, Jean-Pierre, Antoine and Regis Willot.

Pledge Seen They control Bon Marche and Belle Jardiniere, which, along with Galeries Lafayette, count among the other so-called "great" Paris department stores.

The Levy-Maus group owns 28 percent of Sté des Nouvelles Galeries, which controls two other department stores—Nouvelles Galeries and Bazar de l'Hotel de Ville.

Paris retailing experts said that the Maus brothers probably guaranteed not to merge Printemps and Nouvelles Galeries and pledged the retention of the Printemps staff.

The Willots have adopted tough cost-cutting measures in acquisitions they have made.

No Franc Revaluation PARIS, June 29 (Reuters).—French Finance Minister Valéry Giscard d'Estaing said today "there is absolutely no question" of revaluing the franc. The denial followed suggestions in newspapers that a revaluation might be in the offing.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Car Firms Plan 'Clean' Engine

The French car makers Renault and Peugeot and Sweden's Volvo have agreed to jointly produce certain types of engines complying with anti-pollution standards. The companies say they will set up an equally-owned subsidiary in France which could produce 350,000 engines a year by the end of the decade.

RCA Perfects Hologram System

RCA Corp. has developed a perfected method of preserving photographs, maps, drawings, statistics, computer data and other information in sugar-cube-size pieces of crystal rather than on film. The images are imprinted in the crystal by a laser and can be displayed by shining a laser through the crystal.

Canada Proposes Antitrust Board

The Canadian government has introduced legislation calling for establishment of a "competitive practices tribunal" that would have broad jurisdiction over mergers, price setting, advertising and any practices, including takeovers by foreign-based companies, that could be "unduly restrictive" on competition.

USLIFE Bids for Insurance Firm

USLIFE Corp. has agreed in principle to acquire Eastern Life Insurance Co. of New York for about \$48 million in stock subject to the approval of shareholders and directors of both companies. Eastern Life has more than \$1 billion in assets and is in the top 12 percent of companies in terms of insurance in force.

Finserv Buys Susquehanna Unit

Finserv Corp., financial services subsidiary of Studebaker-Worthington Inc., has completed the purchase of 2,378,700 common shares, or 50.4 percent of the outstanding stock, of Pan American Sulphur Co., a subsidiary of Susquehanna Corp.

U.S. Industry Outlook

Chemical Prices Up, Profits Seen Rising "There is more parity within the industry," which to him means the industry is seeking to halt price-cutting and overcapacity, which have hurt profits for more than a decade.

Chemical Prices Up, Profits Seen Rising

NEW YORK, June 29 (AP)—The U.S. chemical industry, severely hurt in 1970, is expected to recover in 1971, industry executives say. Higher profits are forecast for the remainder of this year because prices are rising and as a result of the pickup in the economy.

This year "should be a fair year and 1972 a good year for chemicals," says John Connor, chairman of Allied Chemical.

For the first five months of 1971, the Bureau of Labor Statistics' wholesale price index for chemicals and allied products rose about 3 percent from a year earlier. Dow Chemical's selling price index gained 0.7 percent last year, the first increase since 1957.

"We are more optimistic this quarter than we have ever been that prices are on their way upward," says Alden J. Klomparens, Dow's assistant general sales manager for pricing and administration.

"The chemical industry has begun to realize that it can't increase profits today without increasing prices, because it simply costs so much more to do business," says Roger N. Gunders, president of Stauffer Chemical.

Lately, prices have been increased on a number of key chemicals, including calcium chloride, sulfuric acid, soda ash, hydrochloric acid and caustic soda. The selling price of caustic soda, used in a variety of manufacturing processes, has risen five times during the past year.

Polyvinyl chloride resins and polystyrene are two major plastics that have also undergone recent price increases.

"It is especially encouraging to see the industry start to raise prices on products not necessarily in short supply, like polystyrene," says Mr. Klomparens. "A few years back, we would see increases only on products in tight supply—now inflated costs have made it necessary to raise prices on readily available products."

"Profitability in many segments of the chemical industry is now too low to warrant construction of new plants," says Union Carbide's chairman, F. Perry Wilson. Slid-

ing profits—down 14 percent last year—have also discouraged marginal or new producers from entering the field. Petroleum concerns, in particular, are expected to reduce chemical investments this year.

Though the industry's capital expenditures should be slightly above last year's \$3.4 billion, Stauffer's chief believes that "expansion will be undertaken only in those areas where the expenditures will return an acceptable level of profit."

Most executives indicate that with firmer prices and the gain in demand, earnings should experience a steady, gradual improvement for the remainder of the year, with 1972 showing marked gains.

General Mills Earnings Up 5.4 Percent in Year NEW YORK, June 29 (NYT).—General Mills earnings rose 5.4 percent in the year ended May 30 to \$43.9 million, equal to \$1.98 a share, from the \$41.6 million, or \$1.88 a share, earned in the 53 weeks to May 31, 1970, before extraordinary charges. The charges, amounting to \$12.5 million, reduced the net income for fiscal 1970 to \$28.1 million, or \$1.27 a share.

The extraordinary charges consisted of a write-down of goodwill of about \$13.1 million and the disposition of Morton Foods and a majority interest in Viking International, a Belgian seafood plant.

Sales of \$1.12 billion were 8.4 percent ahead of the restated volume of \$1.033 billion for fiscal 1970.

Table with 3 columns: Quarter, Revenue (millions), Profit (millions), Per Share. Rows for Second Quarter, First Half, and Full Year.

Campbell Taggart* Second Quarter: Revenue (millions) 79.1, Profit (millions) 2.5, Per Share 0.56. First Half: Revenue (millions) 154.6, Profit (millions) 5.47, Per Share 1.12. *1970 per share adjusted for stock split.

Stocks Rally Sharply As Turnover Picks Up

NEW YORK, June 29 (NYT).—The stock market put together a surprisingly strong rally today as volume showed a brisk rebound from yesterday's sleep-walking session, rising to 14.46 million shares from 9.81 million.

Wall Street analysts described the recovery as mainly technical. But the feeling prevailed that it might well be a harbinger of the traditional summer rally in stock prices.

The Dow Jones industrial average, scoring its third best advance, moved up 9.20 to 882.30. The Dow's biggest gain for the year stands at 9.86 on March 15, the day it finally hurdled the 900 barrier to reach its highest level since mid-1969.

Blue-chip issues were strong, with gains of 1 or more appearing in General Electric, Eastman Kodak, Bethlehem Steel, U.S. Steel and International Nickel. Dow Post rose 2 to 137 3/4.

Minnesota Mining, a standout among the blue chips, climbed 3 1/2 to 129 3/4 after reaching a record price of 121.

General Motors raced ahead 1 5/8 to 78 3/8, after trading at its yearly low of 76 1/2 yesterday. Numerous estimates place 1971 earnings for GM at \$6.50 a share, compared with last year's strike-affected profits of \$2.09 a share.

Sixty major groups shared in the market advance, including retail stocks and the recently-depressed airlines.

Oilman stocks, some of which were strong yesterday while the general market was lagging, also displayed gains.

Bausch & Lomb, helped by short-covering activity, ran up 5 7/8 to 121 3/8. It gained 5 1/8 yesterday.

Polaroid climbed 4 1/4 to 111 3/8, closing within a point of its high. Gaining 2 or better were Avon Products, Disney Productions, Burroughs, IBM, and Texas Instruments.

Central Foundry rose 3 1/4 to 23 3/8. Shareholders of the company, a manufacturer of cast iron soil pipe and fittings, approved a merger with Fauga National Inc., a privately-owned concern that purchased 40 percent of Central Foundry's shares in March.

Handelman, one of the day's largest losers, fell 1 7/8 to 38 1/2 after trading as low as 36 3/4. The stock dropped 3 3/8 in the previous session. The company, a distributor of phonograph records and stereo tapes, disclosed late yesterday that it is considering a large secondary offering of common stock.

On the American Stock Exchange, prices advanced in moderate trading with the exchange index up 0.77.

TWA warrants, the most actively traded issue, climbed 1 5/8 to 17.

MODERN MEXICO advertisement. Includes headline 'Where in the World can you find a higher yield with less risk than in MODERN MEXICO?' and a coupon for requesting a free brochure.

Who is managing your money? advertisement for E. E. Inger & Co., Inc. Includes a large 'Who' graphic and a coupon for requesting a free brochure.

UGINE-KUHLMANN advertisement. Includes headline 'The Ordinary General Meeting, held June 22, 1971, under the chairmanship of Mr. Pierre GREZEL, approved all the resolutions submitted.' and a coupon for requesting a free brochure.

DIAMONDS advertisement. Includes headline 'Save 50% on single diamonds direct from the factory at wholesale prices' and contact information for SIDIAM.

British Invisible Earnings Slow After Steep Rise advertisement. Includes headline 'LONDON, June 29 (UPI).—Britain's "invisible" earnings are slowing after quadrupling between 1965 and 1970.' and contact information for SIDIAM.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sections for 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H', 'I', 'J', 'K', 'L', 'M', 'N', 'O', 'P', 'Q', 'R', 'S', 'T', 'U', 'V', 'W', 'X', 'Y', 'Z'.

Table of international stock exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sections for 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H', 'I', 'J', 'K', 'L', 'M', 'N', 'O', 'P', 'Q', 'R', 'S', 'T', 'U', 'V', 'W', 'X', 'Y', 'Z'.

Advertisement for Province of Saskatchewan Unconditionally Guaranteeing 8 1/2% Sinking Fund Debentures, Series A. Includes contact information for Dominion Securities Corporation and other financial institutions.

(Continued on next page.)

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for 'New York Stock Exchange Trading', 'European Gold Markets', 'Foreign Stock Indexes', and 'Tokyo Exchange'.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Table of U.S. Commodity Prices listing various goods such as wheat, corn, soybeans, and cotton with their respective prices and market status.

Market Summary

Market Summary table providing a snapshot of market activity, including stock indices, bond yields, and currency exchange rates.

Advertisement for 'The 22 carat Scotch' featuring a large image of a whisky bottle and text promoting its quality and availability through various international markets.

Advertisement for Barclay Securities Limited, highlighting '1970 RESULTS' and 'CONTINUED STRONG RATE OF GROWTH ENVISAGED'. Includes financial performance metrics and a list of products.

Advertisement for 'First General Resources Company' and 'REISS & CO. BANKERS'. Features a large image of a sunburst logo and text describing the company's services and global presence.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Table of international bonds with columns for bond name, price, and yield. Includes sections for Dollar Bonds, Floating Rates, Convertible Bonds, and Bonds Traded in Europe.

American Stock Exchange Trading

Main table of American stock exchange trading with columns for stock name, price, and change. Includes sections for Stocks and Bonds, and various industry-specific listings.

Receive 3 months of Value Line for \$25. Illustration of a person reading a newspaper. Text describes the Value Line service and its benefits.

Text describing the Value Line service, including details about the 1800-page Investors Reference Service and the special introductory offer.

Form for requesting the Value Line service, including fields for name, address, and contact information.

The Dreyfus Offshore Trust N.V. Third-Quarter Report April 15, 1971. Includes a list of investments and financial data.

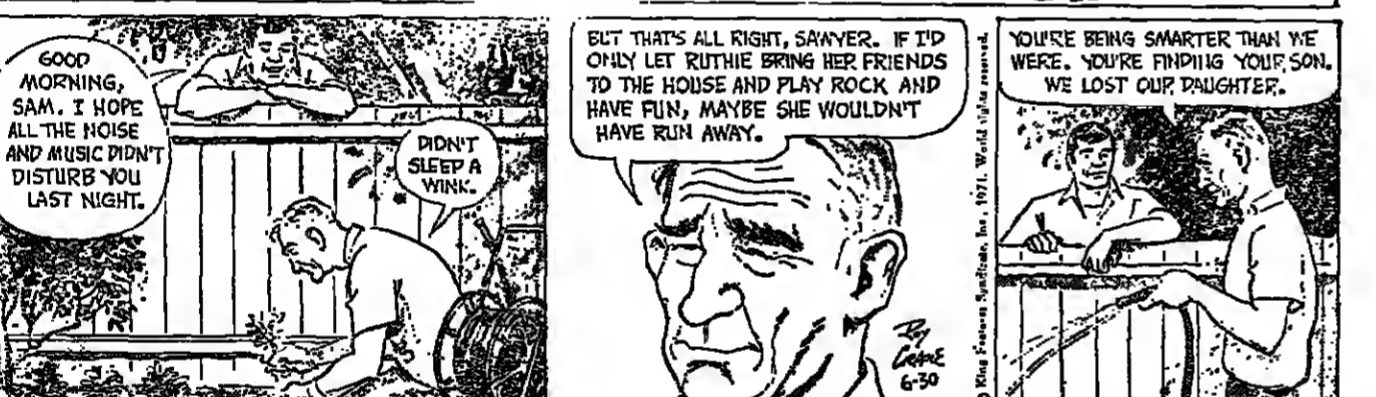
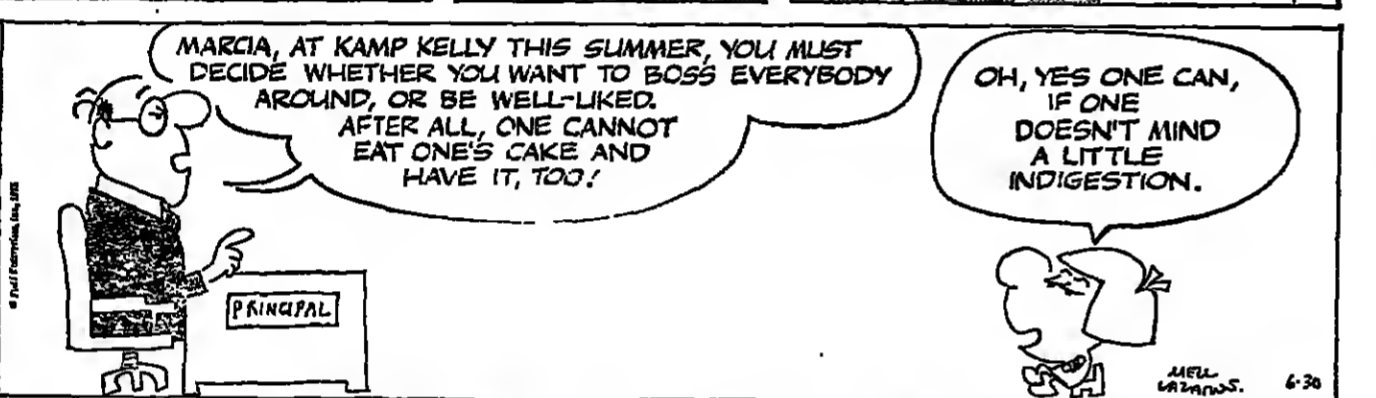
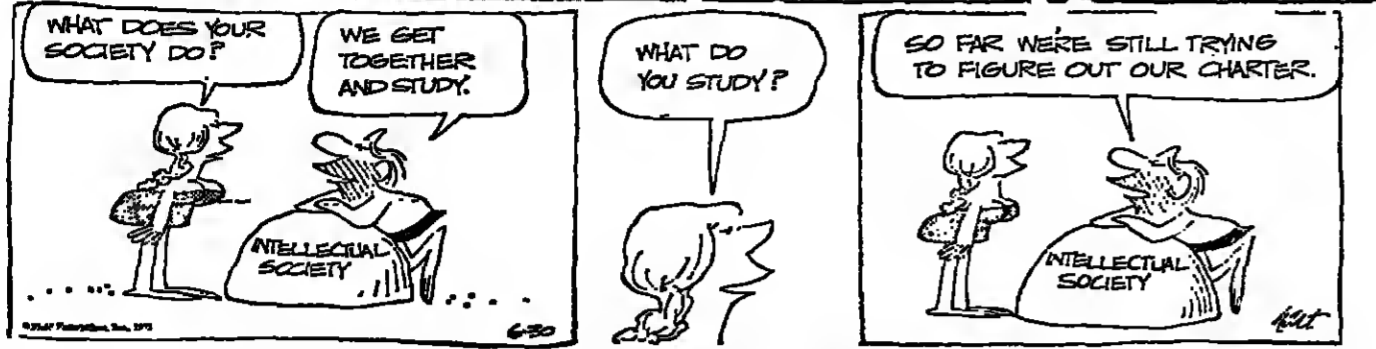
Neuwirth International Fund NV has gained 78% in 16 months. Dow Jones has gained 20.1%. Includes a line graph showing performance over time.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

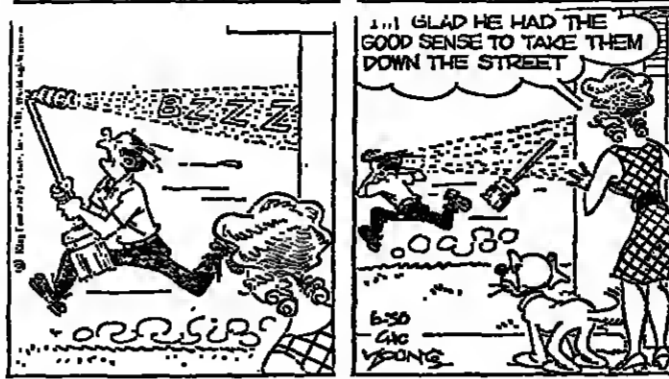
Table of international funds with columns for fund name, price, and yield. Includes sections for International Funds, Credit Funds, and various other fund categories.

Advertisement for Roland van der Haegen, Manager of DRYFOOS & CO. Members New York and American Stock Exchanges. 505 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022. Telephone 24 13 81.

PEANUTS
B.C.
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BAILEY
M.I.S.S.
BUZSAWYER
WIZARD
REX MORGAN M.D.
POGO
RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

The Precision Club International... The overall of one no-trump by South was justified by the wealth of intermediate cards...

the play of the queen that South had a solid diamond holding with K J x or J 10 x in his hand...

Table with bridge bidding information: NORTH (D), WEST, EAST, SOUTH, and bidding details.

East and West were vulnerable. The bidding: North East South, West Pass 1 1 N.T. Pass 2 2 Pass 2 N.T. Pass 3 N.T. Pass Pass Pass West led the diamond six.

Solution to Previous Puzzle: A crossword puzzle grid with letters filled in.

DENNIS THE MENACE



"OH, THAT... I JUST GLUED IT TOGETHER AGAIN AN' NOBODY NOTICED."

JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

Jumble puzzle interface with words ORBIL, CAULD, BREEMM, TUSDIP and a cartoon illustration.

BOOKS

EXTRATERRITORIAL Papers on Literature and the Language Revolution By George Steiner. Atheneum, 210 pp. \$7.95.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

GEORGE STEINER writes in the mainstream of European letters—or rather, he puts, blow-fishlike, in the gulch where once the river ran, European born, internationally educated, apparently at home in several literatures and half-a-dozen intellectual disciplines...

Why does one find oneself sneering at Steiner? Is it because of his intellectual arrogance—his arrogance he not only admits but also proclaims necessary now to achieve "the essence of classic literacy"?

Here is where the real difficulty lies, for there is evidence enough to suggest that even if language is the essence of the human condition (a far more debatable proposition, I think, than Steiner would like to admit)...

Steiner himself seems partly to concur. In his closing essay, "Life-Lines," he summarizes and expresses amazed admiration for the prospective findings of the new scientific revolution...

Mr. Lehmann-Haupt is a New York Times staff book reviewer.

CROSSWORD

By Will Weng

- CROSSWORD clues: ACROSS 1 Renowned, 6 Operate, 9 Spiteful, 14 Give pleasure to, 15 Agree, 17 Whines, 18 Haphazardly, 19 Child's milestones, 21 Cut short, 22 Put on, 23 Pretense, 26 Cue, 28 Do a gymnastic exercise, 30 Margin, 31 Frayed, 32 Awaken rudely, 33 Cafe bill, 34 Advocate, 35 D'Ohly, 36 Assistant, 37 Guinness or Raleigh, 38 Threefold, 39 Flower, 40 Paris season, 41 Asian nomads, 42 Primitive symbols, 43 "Ah—go", 45 Their, in France, 46 Lather, 47 Burlesque act, 51 Added lend, 54 Old market place, 55 Fly swatter of a sort, 56 Coat, 57 Odin and others, 58 Chemical suffix, 59 Winter hazard, 16 Old Indian culture of Southwest, 20 Suffix of places, 23 Trough, 24 Crown, 25 Fire remnants, 26 Honey jars, 27 Thimble, 28 Warlike nations, 29 Preserves, as beef, 32 "The Came", 33 Muffin's cousin, 34 Small molding, 35 Art form, 38 African sheep, 42 Honor card, 44 Trunk, 45 Type of spoon, 47 Siam, 48 Alaskan city, 49 Algonquian Indian, 50 New England, etc., 51 Wild sheep of Asia, 52 Farmer's tool, 53 No, in Glasgow.

Crossword puzzle grid with numbers 1-50 indicating starting points for clues.

Newcombe Reaches Semis

Rosewall Rallies to Beat Richey in a Masterpiece

By Fred Tupper

WIMBLEDON, London, June 29 (NYT)—The result will say simply that Ken Rosewall defeated Cliff Richey in a Wimbledon quarterfinal. But no record book can resurrect this match that will live long in memory—a classic fought without quarter over 64 games and four hours with the center court in bedlam and a spill-over crowd outside cheering the points popping on the lighted scoreboard in that frantic finish.

those first two sets. It will show that in the third set he led, 4-2, and 6-3 on Ken's service, and from there on in had a 7-6 lead in the fourth set with serve to come and five break points in that nail-biting fifth set.

Richey Determined The book will show that 36-year-old Rosewall, the idea of Wimbledon and three times finalist here over a 17-year stretch, came back from the abyss to win, 6-3, 5-7, 9-4, 9-7, 7-5. But the shots that made it possible must remain embedded in the mind.

These two little men covered every inch of the court to strike and riposte; they conceived wonder shots to grab the imagination and court the blood.

There had to be errors under the strain. Richey foot-faulted 11 times, seemingly invariably in the crisis; there were too many double-faults, one from the Australian for the break that meant the second set to the Texan. But they can all be banished into limbo.

Cheers rang loud each time sides were changed and the historic old court was an inferno of sound in the tenth game as Richey somehow staved off four match points. Ken had two more chances. One he went glimmering as Cliff struck a winner across court and then that flowing Rosewall backhand caught the corner in pandemonium.

"I think it was as good a match as anyone would want to see," said Ken Rosewall goes into the semifinals Thursday against John Newcombe who beat him here in a five-set final a year ago and whom Ken beat in a superb three-setter semifinal at Forest Hills.

Newcombe wasn't pushed today in his semifinal. He demolished Colin Dibley, a former customs officer from Sydney, 6-1, 6-2, 6-3. Dibley, branny and awkward, has a service faster than that of Pancho Gonzalez in his prime.

In the other semifinal match scheduled for Thursday, fourth-seeded Stan Smith of Pasadena, Calif., faces Tom Gorman of California. Gorman upset the great Rod Laver in straight sets yesterday and slightly strangled his back.

Merckx Still First After Loss in Tour NANCY, France, June 29 (UPI)—Dutch cyclist Eddy Merckx was best out Brito Barry Hoban in the final sprint to win the third stage of the Tour de France.

Trevino Retains Earnings Lead NEW YORK, June 29 (AP)—Lee Trevino remains the top money winner of the professional golf tour despite a 34th-place finish in the Cleveland Open.

Monday's Line Scores NATIONAL LEAGUE Pittsburgh 500 600 11-15 0 St. Louis 612 600 6-2-3 0

Griffith Will Fight Monzon in Argentina NEW YORK, June 29 (UPI)—Former champion Emile Griffith signed yesterday for a 15-round title fight against middleweight title-holder Carlos Monzon in Buenos Aires for Sept. 11 or 18.

Monzon won the title last year with a knockout over Nino Benvenuti and retained it with another knockout over Benvenuti last month. Griffith, however, must first beat Max Cohen at Madison Square Garden on July 25 before meeting Monzon.

AT RASE—Six pitchers in the Pittsburgh bullpen relax as they watch their team roll on to a 14-4 victory in a recent game against Philadelphia.

Matson Loss Shows Depth In U.S. Track

By Neil Amdur EUGENE, Ore., June 29 (NYT)—Returning to a deserted stadium long after he had finished competition, Randy Matson trudged slowly toward an area marked off for the shot put.

Dressed in street clothes, the 1966 Olympic champion spotted a wet patch of tape, wadded it into a four-ounce shot put and walked into position behind the shot-put board.

Matson studied the put intently, turned and disconcertedly shuffled his massive 6-foot-6-inch frame toward a bench, where he sat in silence for several minutes until a friend interrupted his meditation.

Matson finished second in the shot put during the national Amateur Athletic Union outdoor track and field championships that finished Saturday. It was his first defeat outdoors in almost three years.

The victory by Karl Saib was one of the few surprises in that exciting two-day meet that produced a pair of world records, an American record in the steeplechase and another sub-four-minute mile by Marty Liquori (3 minutes 56.5 seconds), his fourth of the spring and fifth this year.

If anything, this 83d annual AAU meet provided a healthy confirmation of the quality and depth of the United States in track and field at a crucial time in the last summer before the 1972 Olympics at Munich.

Major League Standings Eastern Division L. Pct. GB Baltimore 45 25 .434 — Boston 41 31 .569 4 1/2 Detroit 41 32 .561 5 New York 34 41 .453 13 Washington 28 43 .397 19 1/2

Monday's Results Cleveland 3, New York 0, 2 Boston 10, Washington 4, 1 Milwaukee 7, Chicago 0, Oakland 4, Minnesota 4, Detroit 4, Baltimore 4, Suspended, in completed today.

Western Division Pittsburgh 49 27 .646 — New York 43 29 .597 1 1/2 Chicago 43 28 .607 10 1/2 St. Louis 38 33 .534 15 Philadelphia 37 44 .456 18 Montreal 36 43 .456 18

Red Sox Surge Keeps AL East Close

By Thomas Rogers NEW YORK, June 29 (NYT)—The Boston Red Sox, seemingly out of the American League Eastern Division pennant race after losing the first game of a four-game series to Baltimore last Friday night, are quite healthy indeed today, thank you.

The Red Sox recouped the final three games from the Orioles and last night ran their winning streak to four with a seven-run explosion in the eighth inning that produced a 10-4 victory over the Washington Senators, Boston, which trailed first-place Baltimore by eight games after Friday's loss, now leads by 4 1/2.

Ken Sanders pitched 2 1/3 innings of superb relief as Milwaukee beat the Chicago White Sox, 7-4, for its eighth victory in ten games and Chicago's third straight defeat.

Ortiz 4, Tigers 4 A four-run rally in the ninth inning, capped by Brooks Robinson's two-out, three-run homer, brought Baltimore a 4-4 tie with Detroit in a game suspended after 13 innings by curfew. It will be completed tonight. Mickey Lolich had a two-hit shutout going into the ninth but two walks, Paul Blair's double and Fred Robinson's run-producing fly set the stage for Brooks' dramatic blow.

Brewers 7, White Sox 4 Ken Sanders pitched 2 1/3 innings of superb relief as Milwaukee beat the Chicago White Sox, 7-4, for its eighth victory in ten games and Chicago's third straight defeat.

Royals 3, Angels 0 Paul Splittorff, a 24-year-old rookie lefthander, hurled his second complete game victory over California in ten days for a 3-0 Kansas City victory.

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Bench and May Give Reds Pair of One-Run Victories

MONTREAL, June 29 (AP)—Johnny Bench singled in the unearned run in the ninth inning, giving the Cincinnati Reds a 5-4 victory over Montreal and a sweep of their twilight-night doubleheader.

Lee May's first of two homers for the night and another clutch by George Foster carried the Reds to a 4-3 triumph in the opener.

May, who hit his 20th homer of the season and third in three games in the seventh inning of the second, started the ninth with a single off Claude Raymond. Buddy Bradford ran for him, stole second and reached third when second baseman Ron Hunt let the catcher's throw get by him.

Clay Kirby struck out nine and scattered nine hits as San Diego won only its second game against San Francisco in ten meetings this season, 6-2. Dave Campbell doubled home three runs to spark a four-run, fifth-inning rally against Juan Marichal.

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Player Groups Of Four Sports To Work Jointly

CHICAGO, June 29 (AP)—Player associations in pro football, basketball, baseball and hockey are seeking to work together on mutual labor problems, it was disclosed yesterday.

Ed Garvey, executive director of the National Football League Players Association, said a meeting of representatives of the four groups was held in New York June 14 and another is planned in Washington July 20.

Garvey said the New York session produced agreement on a joint effort to form an outside committee of physicians to assist in determining injury and the effect on length of careers in the various pro sports.

Garvey said statistics have indicated average deaths of athletes occur far in advance of retirement limits of 65, 60 or even 55 years of age, which would indicate present pension schedules need changing.

A survey also has indicated, Garvey said, that in basketball, an arthritic knee is a long-term injury and contract negotiating should involve solid information on when a player with such an ailment should retire.

Garvey said the NLPA's executive committee met here Saturday to discuss proposals for a panel of neutral arbitrators to help commissioners and players resolve player injury disputes.

The committee also is considering either negotiating with club owners or taking to court a demand for 90 percent salary payment for the second year after a player is out because of injury.

Garvey said the owners agreed to a May 25 demand by the association to provide padded restraining walls to avoid injury in out-of-bounds player crashes.

Garvey said the owners agreed to a May 25 demand by the association to provide padded restraining walls to avoid injury in out-of-bounds player crashes.

Ali's Lawyer Says WBA Should Ask Forgiveness

By Dave Brady WASHINGTON, June 29 (UPI)—The attorney who led the battle that overturned the draft-evasion conviction of Muhammad Ali said yesterday that the World Boxing Association should seek forgiveness for stripping the boxer of his title before he lost to Joe Frazier in March.

"The WBA took 3 1/2 years of this man's life," lawyer Chastney Kibridge said from his Chicago office. "They treated Muhammad like a convicted felon, before he had a chance to prove himself innocent."

"They should pray to their God to be forgiven. His was not a case of moral turpitude, just moral opposition to war," Kibridge, who handles Ali's financial affairs and had the checks for his last two fights made out in his (Kibridge's) name by a special arrangement with the New York State Athletic Commission, said of the 8-0 Supreme Court decision.

"This means Muhammad will brood no more on the loss of 3 1/2 years from his career. He will not build himself up to take back his title from Frazier. He will not have to hurry up before a court mandate."

All will oppose former WBA heavyweight champion Jimmy Ellis, longtime sparring partner for Ali, on July 26 in Houston. "Then we are going to apply for a travel visa," Kibridge said, "and let the world see him in a series of exhibition bouts. In Muslim countries he is their hero. People in Sweden admire him; he personifies the pacifist philosophy in Nordic countries."

Ali is expected to meet Frazier in a return bout next year in Los Angeles, at the Forum owned by Jack Kent Cooke, who promoted their first fight. Ali and Frazier are under contract to Cooke for that bout.

Kibridge was in a jovial mood, despite his reference to the WBA as "he received congratulations for his personal legal victory."

"I am a modest man," he said in a jest, "but not instead of Ali being the 'greatest' as he says, I am. For a poor black boy from the ghetto in Pittsburgh it was quite an achievement for me."

In Miami, Bill Brennan, president of the WBA, said he would recommend that Ali be named No. 1 contender for Frazier's title. The WBA and the New York State Athletic Commission stripped Ali of his title on May 9, 1967, following his indictment.

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Ali's Lawyer Says WBA Should Ask Forgiveness

By Dave Brady WASHINGTON, June 29 (UPI)—The attorney who led the battle that overturned the draft-evasion conviction of Muhammad Ali said yesterday that the World Boxing Association should seek forgiveness for stripping the boxer of his title before he lost to Joe Frazier in March.

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19 U.S. Entries to Aid 'Pageant' of Henley

By Norman Hildesheim HENLEY-ON-THAMES, England, June 29 (NYT)—In words that would have made Sir Winston proud, Lady Churchill once referred to the Henley Royal Regatta as "this lovely pageant of English life," and in its almost Edwardian way, Henley is drawn and ready for its 132d rowing.

With crews from many of the European countries, South Africa, New Zealand, Australia and a record 19 entries from the United States, the international flavor of this year's regatta, which begins tomorrow, has been enhanced to the delight of the stewards who conduct Henley, the most famous of all rowing regattas.

The foreign entries have given Henley a much needed boost. In the last few years, the number of crews coming to Henley has declined, and the regatta barely turned a profit last year. One can sense a concern for the future of Henley on the part of the stewards, and they have taken heart with the field of entries which promises to put the quality of this year's rowing several notches above the last few years.

In a bending of tradition for the second year, the stewards have followed a procedure of "selecting" crews for each of the 12 different cup events in 90 effort to avoid having the teams expected to be the best meet in the early rounds of this four-day event.

At Henley, the crews row in pairs on a knockout basis. Selections differ from selections in that no one of the selected crews is ranked above another, but rather the selected crews are assigned positions on the draw chart and drawn from a separate source than are the unselected crews.

This drawing took place last Saturday in the Henley City Hall, and the luck of the draw was kind to the American crews.

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